

Effective use of marine resources to create a low-carbon society Kyokuyo Group supports Fun to Share.



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Kyokuyo Co., Ltd.

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2021



Corporate Philosophy

Aiming to grow together with society, contributing to a healthy and heart-enriched lifestyle and food culture based on management of human respect.

Kyokuyo Group Corporate Action Charter

Everyone at the Kyokuyo Group, from top management to each and every employee, acts in accordance with our Corporate Action Charter, based on our Corporate Philosophy.

- As a comprehensive food manufacturing group that contributes to society, we provide products and services with safety and security in order to earn the trust of our consumers and customers.
- 2 We comply with the law, engage in fair, transparent, and free competition, and maintain healthy and normal relationships with government and administration.
- 3 In addition to our consumers, customers, and shareholders, we widely communicate with society and actively disclose corporate information in a fair manner.
- 4 We recognize that tackling environmental problems is essential for the survival of our company and its business, and voluntarily and actively act to do so.
- **G** We strive to maintain an environment where it is easy to work.
- **6** We act as a member of the international community, and strive to contribute to the development of related regions.

Editorial Policy

In 2020, the Kyokuyo Group published its first integrated report to comprehensively report on the overall picture of its business and strategy for creating corporate value, with the aim of providing stakeholders with a deeper understanding of the Group.

This year, in accordance with the basic policy of our medium-term business plan "Build Up Platform 2024" (FY2021 - FY2023) that we launched in April, we focused on conveying the Group's philosophy and strategy of creating value that society and the Group can share, aiming to change to a high-profit structure that will form the foundation for new growth. This second integrated report was created to provide an understanding of our initiatives for increasing corporate value and achieving sustainable growth.

In compiling the report, we aimed for a concise and clear format. In addition, ESG information is provided in detail in the ESG Databook 2021. Financial information, our social and global environmental initiatives, products, business activities, etc. not included in this report are available on our company website.

Website https://www.kyokuyo.co.jp/en

Report Media

1 Booklet: Kyokuyo Group Integrated Report A comprehensive summary of the Kyokuyo Group's financial information, initiatives that enhance corporate value, and non-financial information such as business strategies.

(2) PDF: Kyokuyo Group ESG Databook (website) A compilation of ESG-related performance data.





CONTENTS

Value Creation Story

| History of the Kyokuyo Group | 7 |
|---|----|
| Kyokuyo Group's Value Creation Process | 9 |
| Kyokuyo Group's Business Development | 11 |
| Overview by Business | 13 |
| Recognition of the Business Environment | 15 |
| New Medium-Term Business Plan | 17 |

Business Strategy

| Marine Products Purchasing Business | 21 |
|-------------------------------------|----|
| • Food Business | 23 |
| • Tuna Business | 25 |
| Logistics Business | 27 |

Foundation of Value Creation

| Kyokuyo Group's Approach to Sustainability28 | |
|--|--|
| Kyokuyo Group's Promotion of ESG Management | |

Scope

In principle, the report covers Kyokuyo's business sites and Group Companies in Japan. Please refer to page 1 of the web version "Kyokuyo Group ESG Databook 2021" for the scope of environmental data compilation.

Period

Fiscal 2020 (from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021) * Some information from before and after the targeted period is included.

Publication Date

October 2021 (Next: October 2022)

Reference Guidelines

 International Integrated Reporting Framework, International Integrated Reporting Council (IIRC) • Guidance for Collaborative Value Creation,



- Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry • Sustainability Reporting Standards, GRI (Please refer to our website
- for the GRI Standard Comparison Table.)

Environment

| | Conserving Biodiversity | 31 |
|---|--|----|
| | Achieving a Carbon-Neutral Society | 33 |
| | Achieving a Circular Society | 34 |
| C | LOSE UP | |
| | Kyokuyo Group's Efforts to Reduce Plastic Usage | 35 |
| S | ociety | |
| | Contributing to a Healthy and Heart-Enriched Lifestyle and Food Culture | |
| | Supplying Safe and Reliable Products | 38 |
| | Supply Chain Management | 39 |
| | Creating a Comfortable Working Environment and Humar Resource Development | |
| | Contributing to the Community | 41 |
| G | overnance | |
| | Corporate Governance | 42 |
| | Board of Directors and Auditors | 45 |
| | Risk Management | 46 |
| | Compliance | 47 |

Corporate Information

| Financial Data Highlights48 |
|--------------------------------------|
| Corporate Data and Stock Information |

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Forward-looking Statements

Forward-looking statements, including forecasts, goals, and plans included in this report, are based on judgments made at the time this document was produced. Actual results may differ from these statements due to various factors such as changes in the fut business environment.

Message from the President

Seeking to change to a high-profit structure by creating value that can be shared by society and the Kyokuyo Group, with a view to continuously increasing corporate value

Introduction

We would like to extend our heartfelt sympathy to those affected by the global spread of COVID-19. We would also like to express our gratitude and respect for those who are dedicating themselves to the treatment and prevention of the disease.

With the prolonged, worldwide spread of COVID-19, people are becoming more anxious and tense, due to the multiple emergency declarations, lockdowns, and protracted stay-athome lifestyle.

As a food company, our entire staff – executives and employees alike – will continue making every effort to provide a stable supply of safe, reliable, and delicious products, with the goal of delivering joy and smiles to everyone through food. Although the COVID-19 pandemic is expected to end as more people are vaccinated, supply and demand trends remain uncertain.

Given this situation, in addition to focusing on expanding sales to mass retailers as before, we will also focus on demand and values that have increased all the more with the establishment of the new normal, as well as new business categories and sales channels such as the development of products with high simplicity and convenience, takeout, home delivery, and online shopping. Moreover, while strengthening market price measures and inventory control in all segments, we are actively expanding the volume of products handled rather than taking a defensive stance.



Results of the previous medium-term business plan and remaining issues

Under our previous medium-term business plan "Change Kyokuyo 2021," we worked on the basic policy of changing to a high-profit structure as a general food company with a focus on fish products, while aiming to improve corporate value by saving people's time and expanding business operations in light of societal demands regarding resources, the environment, and labor.

Our concrete results over the past three years included, in terms of expanding business operations, capital participation in Kuroshio Suisan Co., Ltd., investment in Hasegawa Suisan Co., Ltd., and construction of a new plant in Thailand, and in terms of saving people's time, expansion of the Dandori Jozu series and enhancement of our lineup of simmered fish. Regarding finance, our equity ratio increased by 7.5 percentage points over the past three years, and we attained the target of 30% set out in our medium-term business plan, thus achieving steady results in a visible way.

On the other hand, three issues remain.

One is to stabilize earnings in our marine products purchasing business. In order to minimize the risk of market price fluctuation and ensure stable earnings, we need to strengthen access to resources, increase the percentage of value-added products, enhance our sales expansion with differentiated processed products, and practice thorough purchasing and inventory control.

Review of the previous medium-term business plan

Developments over the three years

• Began airing corporate TV commercials [July 2018] We produced our first corporate commercial, in order to enhance our brand.

- Opened an in-house childcare facility at the Shiogama Plant of Kyokuyo Shokuhin Co., Ltd. in Miyagi Prefecture [April 2019] We opened a childcare facility for our employees and people working in the neighborhood with the dual aims of helping employees to balance childcare and work, and of creating a workplace environment where female employees can work with peace of mind after giving birth.
- Established Kyokuyo Global Seafoods Co., Ltd. [April 2019] We established the company in Thailand for the purpose of producing simmered and grilled fish and sushi toppings. We aim to increase our market share of simmered and grilled fish.
- Joined the Japan Clean Ocean Material Alliance (CLOMA) [April 2019]

We joined this platform for solving the problem of marine plastic waste.

The second is to strengthen overseas sales. The export of Japanese marine products is growing year by year with the export of products such as scallops and blue-skinned fish, however the absolute speed is still slow, and there remain major issues in expanding the overseas sales of our products, especially including that of products produced at plants outside Japan. We consider M&As and other options in our overseas sales business, and believe it is necessary to reinforce our overseas sales system as quickly as possible.



- Ichiyamamaru Hasegawa Suisan Co., Ltd. joined the Group [June 2019] We will expand our food business and strengthen our access to resources by utilizing this company's seafood purchasing network in Hokkaido and its processing technology.
- Kuroshio Suisan Co., Ltd. joined the Group [September 2019] With this company raising red sea bream, Japanese amberjack, white trevally, and other fish through aquaculture in Sukumo Bay, Kochi Prefecture, we aim to diversify our procurement capacity and to maintain and expand a stable supply.
- Kyokuyo Suisan Co., Ltd.'s new tuna processing plant started fullscale operation [April 2020] We are expanding exports of processed tuna products, which

are attracting increasing inquiries from overseas, driven by the popularity of sushi and other Japanese cuisine. We are promoting measures to expand overseas sales.

• Kyokuyo Suisan Co., Ltd.'s new plant obtained EU HACCP compliance verification [November 2020]

The new plant, which began full-scale operation in April, obtained EU HACCP compliance verification for frozen tuna loin, blocks, and saku blocks for raw consumption.

Message from the President

The third is to scale-up our food business. We recognize that the frozen food business is a market in which increased consumption can be expected in the future. We see it as a must to seek to scale-up with a greater sense of speed while improving the rate of operation of our direct plants. We will develop and deploy high-value-added products unique to Kyokuyo, focusing on marine products produced in the Group's

direct plants, such as the Shiogama Plant, Kyokuyo Foods Co., Ltd., and Kyokuyo Global Seafoods Co., Ltd., a new plant in Thailand. In the home-use market, we will focus on marketing to mass retailers, convenience stores, and drugstores. In the commercial-use market, we will focus on sales to health care facilities for the elderly, nursing care routes, offices, school lunches, etc.

Launch of "Build Up Platform 2024," our new medium-term business plan to lay a foundation for new growth

In light of the issues remaining from our previous mediumterm business plan and various social changes, in April 2021 we launched our new medium-term business plan, "Build Up Platform 2024" (FY2021 - FY2023), with the basic policy of "promoting strategies pivoting on continuous efforts to address business issues' and 'a challenge for sustainable growth,' aiming for new growth founded on a 'change to a high-profit structure' through the creation of value that can be shared between society and Kyokuyo, while strengthening our management base."

Continuous efforts to address business issues

Among our continuous efforts to address business issues is stabilization of earnings in our marine products purchasing and aquaculture businesses. In both of these businesses, we will expand the scale of operations, and strengthen our development of high-value-added products and differentiated products, and in the aquaculture business, we will improve our technology, including measures against fish mortality.

Next, we are working on expanding our food business and overseas business. In the food business segment, we reorganized from a product-based organization to a business category-based organization, integrating our production and sales systems, bolstering our product proposal capabilities and our planning and development capabilities, and establishing a system that allows us to firmly promote the sales of our own products as a manufacturer.

In our overseas business, we will strengthen local sales at our overseas bases and develop markets for products from our own plants in collaboration with the food sector in an effort to expand sales outside Japan. We will also work on strengthening access to resources, such as aquaculture, to maintain and expand the stable supply of marine products.

A challenge for sustainable growth

On the other hand, as a challenge for sustainable growth, we will work on product development that focuses on saving people's time, for which there is high demand, and on strengthening our brand to improve our sales. Of course, we will also pursue the original value of food, which is to enjoy life and feel well.

We will also work to improve operational efficiency and establish new business models through initiatives for digital transformation (DX) and Carbon Neutrality by 2050.

Strengthening our management base and practicing **ESG management: Addressing social issues**

We will continue to strengthen ESG-focused corporate activities, which have also been incorporated into the business platform under our previous medium-term business plan. Strengthening ESG initiatives to achieve SDGs-related goals will be crucial in future business management, forming its very basis. In addition to carrying out economic activities in pursuit of sales, profit, and other financial metrics, we believe that we must increase corporate value by helping to resolve social issues and become a presence that is needed by society. The Group has formulated the Kyokuyo Group Basic Procurement Policy and we are endeavoring to practice responsible procurement with an awareness of compliance based on our varied impacts on the global environment, working environment, human rights, local communities, etc. In the value chain from procurement, including from aquaculture and fishing, to processing, logistics, and sales, we have implemented such ESG-oriented business activities as reducing CO2 emissions and food loss, and are working on full-life-cycle aquaculture of Pacific bluefin tuna. Going forward, we will continue to bolster these activities and actively work to realize a sustainable fisheries industry, including by reducing marine plastic waste such as fishing nets with specific targets, while taking advantage of our strengths.

Kyokuyo and climate change

Among the issues facing society, climate change is a serious problem that affects aquatic environments and water resources including the oceans, natural ecosystems, food, human health, and more in various parts of the world.

For the Kyokuyo Group, a general food company with a focus on fish products, which represent the bounty of the oceans, the impact of climate change on the marine environment and the risks it brings are major issues connected to our business continuity. For example, due to changes in the

marine environment such as rising sea temperatures, there are risks in the procurement of raw materials, such as the moving of water areas suitable for aquaculture and an increased incidence of infectious diseases due to a decrease in fish immunity in the aquaculture business, and changes in the habitats of fish species and a decrease in the number of species, among other risks in wild fisheries. Similar risks can be expected for other agricultural and livestock products due to drought and flood damage, etc.

In addition, flood damage caused by heavy rains and extreme weather/climate phenomena may impede daily life and economic activities, causing a variety of risks to the Group's business activities such as logistics.

In these ways, climate change has a significant impact on our business activities, making response to it a critical challenge. In order for the Group to continue to conduct business and create value in a sustainable way, we must identify the risks posed by

Toward the realization of our corporate philosophy

We recognize that our business is based on sustainable marine resources, and that in order to continue to enjoy the benefits of the oceans, we are expected more than ever to cooperate with the international community and conduct activities that take advantage of our business characteristics and strengths.

Going forward, we will continue to strive to realize our corporate philosophy of "Aiming to grow together with society,

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Makoto Inoue President Kyokuyo Co., Ltd.

climate change and its impact on our business activities, and take appropriate action by incorporating said risks into our management strategies.

We recognize that investors and other stakeholders place importance on management strategies and risk management capabilities for tackling climate change-related risks, and that they require information disclosure.

The Kyokuyo Group will do its part by working on various measures that help to address climate change issues, such as energy-saving activities and capital investment, and strive to disclose information in line with the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)* in order to improve the resilience of our business strategies and risk management capabilities.

contributing to a healthy and heart-enriched lifestyle and food culture" by earning the trust and satisfaction of all stakeholders while passing on to the next generation marine resources that are essential to the diets of people throughout the world.

We look forward to the continued support of our shareholders, investors, and other stakeholders, and encourage you to have high expectations for the Kyokuyo Group's sustainable growth.

Ken Sakai

Vice President Kyokuyo Co., Ltd.

^{*} Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures: Established by the Financial Stability Board (FSB) at the request of the G20 to consider how best to disclose climate-related information and how financial institutions should respond.

History of the Kyokuyo Group

Kyokuyo has built up strengths that have contributed to the development of a healthy and heart-enriched lifestyle and food culture by addressing the social issues of each era.

1937 - 1950s



Ensured a stable supply of food by securing valuable sources of protein and entering the food processing business.

Starting with Antarctic Ocean whaling in 1938, we went into the trawling business in 1942 and the North Pacific mothership-type salmon and ocean trout business in 1954. After the Second World War, with a tight food supply in Japan, our main business was fishing on our own ship to secure valuable sources of protein. Then in 1949, we began manufacturing canned products in Shiogama, Miyagi Prefecture, thus taking the first step in the food processing business and contributing to a stable supply of food.

Origin of our company name

Kyokuyo means "polar oceans," indicating the oceans near the Arctic and Antarctic. It also represents the spirit expressed by the ancient Chinese Daoist philosopher Chuang Tzu when he described the imaginary gigantic bird, Peng taking flight to the southern darkness, the ocean at the end of the world to the south. This is a metaphor for undertaking a great enterprise. It

expressed our grand idea of whaling in the Antarctic Ocean.

1937 • Established Kyokuyo Hogei Co., Ltd. 1942 • Began trawl net fishing

- 1949 Started manufacturing canned products at the East Japan Branch (Shiogama, Miyagi Prefecture)
- 1954 Began mothership-type fishery for salmon and ocean trout in the northern Pacific

1960s - 1970s



Diversified our fishing business and expanded overseas. And with the start of frozen foods production, developed a full-scale processed foods business.

In 1962, we began deep-sea trawling operations, and after getting into fishing for squid, octopus, Pacific ocean perch, shrimp, etc. we began the tuna purse-seine fishing business in 1973. In 1963, we began purchasing and importing Alaskan salmon roe, entering the overseas purchasing business ahead of other Japanese companies. In 1971, we established our first overseas subsidiary in Seattle, the United States, and embarked on an overseas expansion. That same year we also entered the cold storage business, delivering marine

products to Japan from all over the world. In 1970, we began manufacturing frozen foods at the Hiratsuka Plant, entering the processed foods business in earnest.

Ultra-low-temperature frozen Benitoro

Launched in the 1970s. Kvokuvo's hit product Benitoro is a home-use frozen product for raw consumption as sashimi and sushi. It was created by using ultra-low-temperature freezing, which had been developed at that time mainly as a freezing technology for tuna, for red salmon caught in the Bering

Sea in the North Pacific.

1962 • Began pelagic trawling operations

- 1963 Began imports of Alaskan salmon roe, entering the overseas purchasing business 1970 • Began production of frozen foods at the
- Hiratsuka Plant in Kanagawa Prefecture 1971 • Established our first overseas subsidiary, in the United States. Began cold storage business
- 1973 Began tuna purse-seine fishing business

1980s - 1990s



Responded to stricter regulations and changing demands accompanying lifestyle changes.

In the latter half of the 1970s, the fishing business reached a turning point with the 200-nauticalmile restriction. In order to complement fishing, we expanded our trading business and domestic purchasing business and enlarged our processing and frozen foods businesses.

In the 1980s, as part of this effort, we began manufacturing and marketing products such as shelled shrimp, Ocean King imitation crab meat, seafood mix, and salted salmon.

Lifestyles also began to change with the advance of women's empowerment, as symbolized by the Equal Employment Opportunity Act, which came into effect in 1986. With this, the restaurant industry and the ready-made meals industry including deli dishes and processed foods expanded.

In 1987, we added a product development plant at the Shiogama Plant of Kyokuyo Shokuhin Co., Ltd. in order to meet the rapidly increasing demand for frozen foods. In 1991, we opened the Shiogama Laboratory and in these ways we have established a system in keeping with the trends of the times.

- * 200-Nautical-Mile Exclusive Fishing Zone: A 200-nautical-mile (about 370 km) zone from the coast set by littoral countries claiming that area as their own fishing resource. Countries began implementing this claim in late 1970. Canada, the then-EC, and Norway implemented it in January 1977 followed by the United States and the then-Soviet Union in March. Japan also claimed its zone in July of the same year.
- 1977 Countries claimed a 200-nautical-mile exclusive fishing zone*
- 1981 Completed the Shin-Shiogama plant of Kyokuyo Shokuhin Co., Ltd. as a frozen foods plant
- 1984 Established Kyokuyo Foods Co., Ltd. mainly to manufacture Ocean King imitation crab meat 1991 • Established Shiogama Laboratory (now Product
- Development Division Laboratory)
- 1999 Opened the Qingdao Representative Office in China

2000s



Made Kyokuyo into a global company.

Under the prolonged deflation that followed the bursting of Japan's bubble economy, we reinforced our overseas production bases, including affiliated plants in China, Southeast Asia, and elsewhere in search of competitive pricing for our processed foods.

In 2006, the Group completed its first overseas plant in Thailand to manufacture sushi toppings and frozen sushi. We also enhanced our overseas bases with the aim of strengthening the purchasing of marine products and marketing processed products outside Japan. We opened representative offices in Vietnam in 2002 and the Netherlands in 2005, and established overseas group companies in China in the same year and in the Netherlands in 2006.

In 2006, we started obtaining Chain of Custody (CoC) certifications from the Marine Stewardship Council (MSC) and the Aquaculture Stewardship Council (ASC), and began global initiatives in terms of traceability as well. The scope of certification is still expanding, and as of April 2021, the Group has registered 34 fish species with MSC and seven with ASC.

2002 • Opened the Ho Chi Minh Representative Office in Vietnam

- 2005 Opened the Amsterdam Representative Office in the Netherlands Established a Group company for the purchasing
- and marketing of frozen foods in China 2006 • Completed a new plant for a joint venture
 - company in Thailand to produce sushi toppings and frozen sushi • Established a Group company for the
 - purchasing and sales of frozen foods in the Netherlands
 - Acquired the initial MSC certification in our company for Alaskan red salmon
- 2009 Made first shipment of "Hon-Maguro no Kiwami," our brand of farmed Pacific bluefin tuna

2020 • New tuna processing plant began operation, and

Joined SeaBOS

sustainability.

In 2017, we joined Seafood Business for Ocean

In 2009, we began shipping farmed Pacific bluefin tuna, followed in 2017 by bluefin tuna raised with fulllife-cycle aquaculture, targeting a fishing industry that produces and raises fish, amid calls for appropriate management for the sustainable use of marine resources. In 2019, Kuroshio Suisan Co., Ltd., which raises red sea bream and other species in aquaculture, became a group company, expanding number of fish species in our aquaculture business. In the same year, we established Kyokuyo Global Seafoods Co., Ltd. in Thailand to bolster our supply capacity of frozen simmered fish and grilled fish, which are rated highly for their convenience and whose sales are increasing. Stewardship (SeaBOS), through which we are working with leading companies in the fisheries industry as well as scientists, with the goal of supplying sustainable marine products and realizing a healthy ocean and global environment.

The Kvokuvo Group will continue its journey with society, doing its part for a sustainable world by pursuing sustainable growth and creating shared value with society.

2010s



Sought resources and business



- Red sea bream shipped live in a case with partitions so as not to harm each other
- 2013 Announced Sea Marché home-use product brand
- 2014 Began frozen foods for home-use business
- 2017 Completed first shipment of bluefin tuna raised with fulllife-cycle aquaculture
- 2019 Made marine products processing and farming business companies into Group companies
 - · Established a new company in Thailand as a production base for simmered and grilled fish
 - obtained EU HACCP compliance verification

Kyokuyo Group's strengths built up over 80 years

> Knowledge and experience

Technology

Procurement

Sales capabilities

Relationships of trust with customers

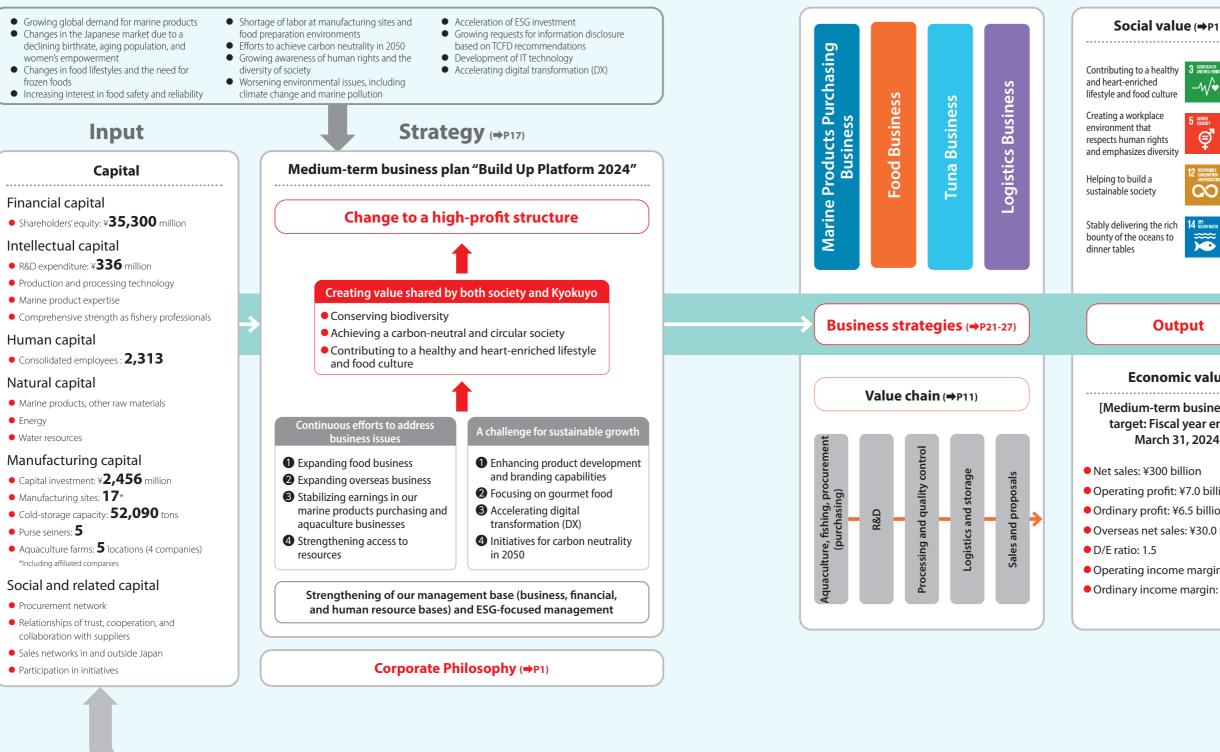
Four business fields (→P11)

Kyokuyo Group's Value Creation Process

In order to realize its corporate philosophy, the Kyokuyo Group incorporates social issues and changes in the business environment into its medium-term business plan, and practices ESG management that addresses issues through ESGfocused business activities.

We further aim to do our part to realize a sustainable society while enhancing our corporate value.

Changes in the business environment (social issues) (+P15)



Outcomes (created value)

Social value (⇒P17-20)

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Kyokuyo **Group's Vision**

A corporate group that contributes to a healthy and heart-enriched lifestyle and food culture and grows with society



Contributing to a healthy and heartenriched lifestyle and food culture for people

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For the global environment

Realization of sustainable fisheries

For employees

A vibrant company that respects the individuality and creativity of its employees

Output

Economic value

[Medium-term business plan target: Fiscal year ending March 31, 2024]

Net sales: ¥300 billion

Operating profit: ¥7.0 billion

Ordinary profit: ¥6.5 billion

Overseas net sales: ¥30.0 billion

• Operating income margin: Over 2%

• Ordinary income margin: Over 2%

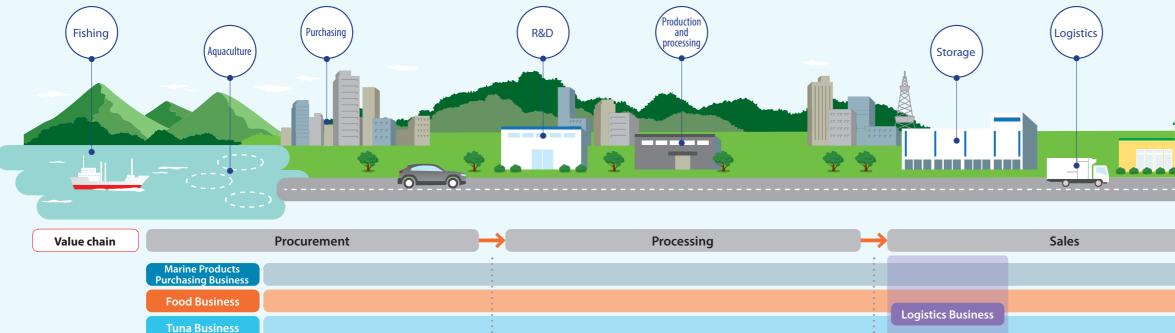
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Kyokuyo Group's Business Development

As a general foods company with a focus on marine products, we conduct integrated operations from procurement to processing and sales.

Since starting as fishing company in 1937, we have been harnessing our comprehensive strengths cultivated over many years to deliver the bounty of the oceans to dinner tables worldwide - from the world to Japan, and from Japan to the world.





Four business fields



- Stably procuring high-quality marine products from the world's oceans through mutual partnerships with domestic and foreign branches, business offices, representative offices, and subsidiaries to provide fillets, shelled/peeled products, and more
- Exporting seafood caught in Japan, and engaging in offshore trade

| Food Business | | |
|--|--|--|
| Foodservice Business | Retail and Consumer Food Business | |
| Selling products for raw consumption, mainly sushi toppings, to restaurant chains, etc. Selling products for heating such the "Dandori Jozu series" that are easy to prepare as meals for assisted living facilities and hospitals Selling products ranging from fried marine products and imitation crab meat to livestock products and frozen vegetables to restaurant channels and deli departments at mass retailers | Selling frozen foods such as simmered fish, grilled fish, rice, etc. in addition to our <i>Sea Marché</i> product brand to convenience stores and mass retailers Shelf-stable foods segment (canned products, etc.), which has a long history that began in 1949 Health products such as glucosamine and DHA supplements | |

Tuna Business



 Procurement, production, and sales system with integrated operations from fishing and farming to purchasing, processing, and sales of skipjack and other tuna Processing of skipjack and other tuna into various products at Group company plants to meet the needs of the restaurant industry and supermarkets

• Drawing on our independent sourcing capabilities for skipjack with the Group's purseseiners such as the Wakaba Maru, and operating an aquaculture business in Shikoku* to conserve limited marine resources and ensure a stable supply of tuna; selling "Hon-Maguro no Kiwami TUNAGU," a brand of Pacific bluefin tuna raised with full-life-cycle aquaculture that does not rely on natural spawning

*one of Japan's major islands consisting of four prefectures: Ehime, Kagawa, Kochi and Tokushima

• Started aquaculture of fish species other than bluefin tuna when Kuroshio Suisan Co., Ltd., which raises red sea bream and other species in aquaculture, became a group company





- Operating logistics services such as cold storage for food and arrangement of deliveries from warehouses
- Engaging in the management of raw materials and processed products, including those of Kyokuyo Group, at three refrigerated warehouses in Ohi and Jonanjima in Tokyo, and Fukuoka

Net sales

Operating profit

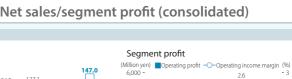
Ordinary profit

Overview by Business

In fiscal 2020, the final year of our previous medium-term business plan "Change Kyokuyo 2021," the spread of COVID-19 caused economic activity to stagnate, resulting in a significant impact on private consumption and employment. In the fisheries and food industries, the impacts included changes in consumer needs and purchasing trends due to the penetration of new lifestyles, self-restraint in going out, and shortening of business hours at restaurants. Our efforts under these circumstances to achieve our targets resulted in lower net sales but higher profit than in the previous fiscal year. An overview of each business follows.

| Ma | arket environment and fiscal 2020 performance | Fiscal 2021 measures | Net s |
|--|--|---|---|
| Marine Products Purchasing Business | Sales down Profit up Fall in exports of Japanese marine products and sales at overseas subsidiaries due to the global spread of COVID-19 Decline in restaurant and wholesale demand in Japan due to self-restraint in going out Increased handling of salmon and trout, which remained in the low-price zone, securing higher profits than planned Improved profits with high-priced products such as crabs and shrimp performing well in the end-of year sales battle | Based on market conditions, purchasing that matches sales and thorough inventory control Ensuring stable earnings by establishing sales routes for our high-value-added products Strengthening local sales at overseas bases and developing overseas markets for our products from our own plants in collaboration with the food sector | Net sales (Billion yen) 150.0 - 130.8 124.9 1 100.0 - 50.0 - 0.0 |
| Frozen Foods Business | Sales down Profit down Downturn in sales of shrimp fritters and fried marine products due to a decline in restaurant and wholesale demand Growth in sales of frozen foods for home use to drugstores Gradual recovery in sushi toppings and raw consumption food products, but not enough to compensate for the overall year-on-year decline | Bolstering sales capabilities by reorganizing to shift from a product-based organization to a business category-based organization Streamlining operations of our plants by consolidating items | Net sales (Billion yen) 1200 - 80.0 - 74.3 82.4 4 40.0 - 0.0 |
| Shelf-Stable Foods Business | Sales down Profit up Increase in demand for canned products with stockpiling due to declarations of a state of emergency Strong performance in delicacy products due to factors including an increase in demand for drinking at home and the launch of new products | Developing chilled-product channels by establishing processing sites in various parts of Japan Developing high-value-added products | Net sales (Billion yen) 30.0 - 20.0 - 18.9 18.9 1 10.0 - 0.0 2017 2018 2 |
| Tuna Busines Control Control Hon-Maguro no Kiwami TUNAGU | Sales up Profit up Overseas Purse-seine Fishing Business: Low skipjack prices Growth in sales of Japanese farmed Pacific bluefin tuna Processing and Marketing Business: Strong performance in sales of products such as <i>Negitoro</i>, primarily to mass retailers | Selling high-value-added products by strengthening coordination with our own plants Increasing operational efficiency of Overseas Purse-seine Fishing Business Providing a stable supply of farmed bluefin tuna and expanding sales of farmed red sea bream | Net sales (Billion yen) 600 - 400 - 29.1 28.4 2 200 - 0.0 |
| Logistics Business Tokyo plant of Kyokuyo Akitsu Reizo Co., Ltd. | Sales up Profit up Initial slowdown in the movement of goods due to COVID-19 Increased handling volume with focus on the collection of high-turnover cargo Strengthened distribution business by expanding our network of contracted transport companies | • Stabilizing the Group's inventory-centered earnings base and operating warehouses efficiently | Net sales (Billion yen) 1.5 - 1.0 - 1.0 0.9 0.5 - 0.0 |

| FY2018 | FY2019 | FY2020 |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 256.1 billion yen | 262.5 billion yen | 249.1 billion yen |
| 3.8 billion yen | 2.9 billion yen | 4.6 billion yen |
| 4.4 billion yen | 3.6 billion yen | 4.8 billion yen |
| | | |













Recognition of the Business Environment

In order to continuously improve our corporate value, we must accurately grasp changes in the business environment and identify the impact (opportunities and risks) on the Kyokuyo Group's business sustainability. We will then incorporate these changes into our strategies (medium-term business plan) and roll out ESG-focused business

activities.

| | | • : Opportunities 《 |
|---|--|--|
| | Business environment | Opportunities and risks for the Kyokuyo Grou |
| FOCUS | Growing global demand for marine products | Booming overseas Japanese cuisine, increasing demand for marine products Increasing procurement costs due to intensified purchasing competition Decrease and depletion of fishery resources |
| Unchanging demands for "food" | Changes in food lifestyles | |
| Safe and reliability Deliciousness and quality | Changes in food lifestyles Increasing "food" options, including restaurants, ready-made meals, and | Growing need for health-oriented products and functional foods Growing need for foods for the elderly, such as soft foods and those that are easy to swallow Growing personal preferences |
| Lifestyle changes | eating at home Declining birthrate and aging | Expectations for rebound demand after COVID-19 pandemic ©Decrease in selling loose items in deli sections in supermarkets |
| Changes in family structure Increase in dual-income households | population | ©Decrease and contraction in demand at fresh food markets |
| Increase in single people Increase in the proportion of the elderly | • Changing need for frozen foods | ©Decrease in sales due to delay in responding to changes |
| | Increasing interest in food safety and reliability | Earning customer trust by improving quality Earning trust by promoting accurate and prompt information to customers Increase in costs for system construction Decrease in customer trust due to product quality complaints and trouble |
| In addition to safety and reliability, quality, taste, and quantity, it is becoming more important to save people's time, such as with products that | Shortage of labor at manufacturing sites and food preparation environments | Opportunities to review processes, including equipment Impact on health and safety management and increase in risk of occupation accidents Decrease in productivity and quality due to increased working hours Increase in labor and logistics costs |
| reduce cooking time, are convenient and easy to eat, and facilitate logistic efficiency. "Enjoying life." "Feeling well." Commitments and innovations that promote | • Growing awareness of human rights and the diversity of society | Improving productivity by creating a comfortable working environment Increasing creativity by securing diverse human resources Changing from an organization that "gathers human resources" to one "wher human resources gather" Increased risk of human rights violations Reduced employee motivation and operational efficiency due to delays in response |
| the joys of food FOCUS "New normal" sparked by the COVID-19 pandemic | Carbon neutrality in 2050 Worsening environmental issues, including climate change and marine pollution | Increased demand for sustainable marine products Earning the trust of society by being responsive Increase in costs for preventing pollution and reducing environmental imparincluding responding to the plastics issue Damage to corporate value due to delays in responding to the construction sound supply chains Impact on fishery resources, and destabilization of the supply system Suspension of management activities due to natural disasters, and damage to corporate value |
| Increase in eating at home and with the family Popularization of home delivery and takeout | Acceleration of ESG investment | |
| | Growing requests for information disclosure based on TCFD recommendations | Improving corporate value and performance through ESG management Concerns about corporate strategy resilience and risk management capabilitience |
| | Development of IT technology Accelerating digital transformation (DX) | Improving operational efficiency and sophistication by introducing new technologies Visualizing production and marketing technologies, and improving sustainal through leveling Increase in cost of building compatible systems Changes in sales channels, and loss of sales opportunities |

Foundation of Value Creation

•: Opportunities ©: Risks

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Creating shared value for society and the Kyokuyo Group

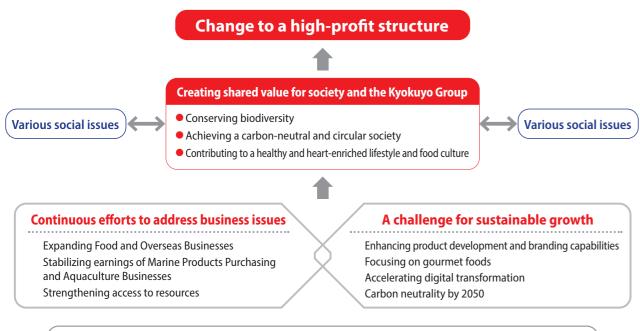
New Medium-Term Business Plan "Build Up Platform 2024"

Basic Policy

To promote strategies pivoting on "continuous efforts to address business issues" and "a challenge for sustainable growth," aiming for new growth founded on a change to "a high-profit structure" through the creation of value that can be shared between society and Kyokuyo, while strengthening our management base.

In April 2021, the Kyokuyo Group launched its new medium-term business plan, "Build Up Platform 2024" (FY2021 -FY2023). Based on the above basic policy, we will promote our business forward while fulfilling our responsibilities to help realize a sustainable society, including ESG and the SDGs.

Overview of the new medium-term business plan "Build Up Platform 2024"



Strengthening our management base (business, financial, and human resources bases) and ESG-focused management

Targets by segment (Billion yen)

Segment profit

3.6

3.0

1.4

(1.0)

7.0

Targets (Billion yen)

| | FY2023 targets | | Net sales |
|--|----------------|------------------------------|-----------|
| Net sales | 300.0 | Marine Products Purchasing | 142.0 |
| Operating profit | 7.0 | Food (Frozen + Shelf-Stable) | 124.0 |
| Ordinary profit | 6.5 | Tuna | 33.0 |
| Operating profit margin and ordinary profit margin | Over 2.0% | Other | 1.0 |
| Overseas net sales | 30.0 | Total | 300.0 |
| Debt-to-equity ratio (D/E ratio) | 1.5 | | |

Targets and results of our previous medium-term business plan "Change Kyokuyo 2021"

| | Targets | FY2020 (actual) | Variance |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Net sales | ¥300.0 billion | ¥249.1 billion | ¥(50.8) billion |
| Operating profit | ¥6.0 billion | ¥4.6 billion | ¥(1.3) billion |
| Ordinary profit | ¥6.0 billion | ¥4.8 billion | ¥(1.1) billion |
| Overseas net sales percentage | 15% | 9.1% | -5.9 points |
| Return on equity (ROE) | 10% | 10.5% | +0.5 points |
| Equity ratio | 30% | 34.7% | +4.7 points |
| Debt-to-equity ratio (D/E ratio) | 1.7 or less | 1.4 | +0.3 points |

Review of the previous medium-term business plan (FY2018 – FY2020)

| | Expansion strategy | • Sluggish growth in the Foo |
|---------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|
| lssue | Strengthening strategy | • Accelerate development of |
| | Balance strategy | • Respond to risks of market flu |
| | | |
| | Expansion strategy | • Improved corporate brandin |
| Outcome | Strengthening strategy | • Invested to strengthen acces |
| | Balance strategy | • Improved financial structure |
| | | |

Continuous efforts to address business issues Expanding Food and Overseas Businesses Stabilizing earnings of Marine Products Purchasing and Aquaculture Businesses Strengthening access to resources

1. Expanding Food Business

While the Food Business has been growing steadily, it has been greatly affected by COVID-19, since marketing had centered on wholesale. Going forward, in addition to conventional products for commercial use, we will need to focus on expanding products for home use and on diversifying channels that can respond flexibly to changes in the environment.

Through reorganization, we will clarify the division of roles for expanding our Food Business, create safe and reliable products, increase the production scale and productivity of our own plants, expand sales channels through mass retailers, home delivery, and e-commerce sites, and reduce expenses centered on logistics costs in order to increase the profitability of the Food Business.

od and Overseas Businesses

- of products that meet market needs
- fluctuations and business environment changes
- ng capabilities with commercials

ess to resources

e by improving equity ratio and D/E ratio

Evolution and deepening of the previous medium-term business plan's "expansion," "strengthening," and "balance" strategies

2. Expanding Overseas Business

Our Overseas Business has grown significantly with exports of Japanese marine products and marketing expansion by our U.S. subsidiary, however the impact of COVID-19 overseas was larger than that in Japan, resulting in a year-on-year decrease in the percentage of overseas sales.

However, since we expect the Overseas Business to grow more than the shrinking Japanese market after COVID-19 pandemic ends, we must continue to strengthen overseas marketing. Therefore, we will bolster our marketing structure, including by establishing new overseas bases and developing business partners is needed. In addition, we will actively handle third-party-certified products, acquire various certifications at our manufacturing plants, and develop products for overseas marketing to expand sales of our products.

3. Stabilizing earnings of Marine Products Trading and Aquaculture Businesses

Our Marine Products Purchasing Business boasts many years of experience and strength in collaborative marketing with suppliers. It is a foundation of Kyokuyo's earnings, but it still faces challenges in stabilizing earnings, such as posting losses due to significant fluctuation in fish prices.

In addition to expanding the scale of our business by, among other efforts, establishing new marketing routes targeting household consumption and diversifying the types of fish we handle, we will bolster our development of high-value-added products and differentiated products that are not affected by market conditions. We will also increase inventory turnover and reduce business risks by thoroughly managing purchasing.

Furthermore, in the aquaculture business, in addition to

A challenge to cope with changes under the new normal

1. Enhancing product development and branding capabilities

With changes in food lifestyles due to factors such as more people living alone, more dual-income households, and a higher proportion of senior citizens, the demand for "time value," such as quicker and easier preparation is stronger than ever. Even with products for commercial use, the need is increasing at restaurants and nursing care facilities with their serious shortages of labor. Accordingly, we will rapidly drive R&D and product development focused on saving people's time. It is also essential that we reinforce our branding capabilities for the marketing of foods for home use. In order to raise awareness of the Kyokuyo brand and our home-use product brand Sea Marché, we will conduct advertising and publicity activities through various media such as TV commercials and social media.



A scene from our TV commercial

improving our aquaculture skills including measures against fish mortality and improved feed, we will make unified efforts in production and marketing to develop solid sales channels, increase the ratio of value-added products, and take other steps to stabilize earnings.

4. Strengthening access to resources

The sustainable use of marine products requires appropriate management of marine resources, with traceability considered essential for resource conservation. We are diversifying our procurement capabilities, including with our own overseas purse-seine fishing business and aquaculture business, including full-life-cycle aquaculture of Pacific bluefin tuna, and we will continue strengthening access to resources in order to maintain and expand a stable supply of products.

A challenge for sustainable growth

Enhancing product development and branding capabilities Focusing on gourmet foods Accelerating digital transformation Carbon neutrality by 2050

2. Focusing on gourmet foods

While the need for quicker and easier preparation is increasing, as a new lifestyle triggered by COVID-19 permeates society, innovations to enjoy life are appearing everywhere. This includes food, where attention to quality ingredients and the roles of food in enjoying life and feeling well are being rediscovered. Along with saving people's time, we will expand Sea Marché brand products that focus on ingredient and flavor innovations, and utilize feedback from diverse consumers in our product development. By pursuing the value of "food to enjoy life," we will aim to realize our corporate philosophy of contributing to a healthy and heart-enriched lifestyle and food culture.

3. Accelerating digital transformation

The environment surrounding corporate management, including COVID-19 and disasters caused by extreme weather, is increasingly uncertain. We will therefore promote digital transformation and work to build new business models while improving our operational efficiency and sophistication, including through the digitalization of operations and the development of efficient production lines and advanced quality control methods.

4. Initiatives toward carbon neutrality by 2050

The Kyokuyo Group has been working to reduce CO_2 emissions by reducing electricity consumption, mainly at group plants. Going forward, we will push carbon offset initiatives such as

Strengthening our management base (business, financial, and human resources bases) and ESG-focused management

1. Strengthening our business base

We have expanded our business base in a number of ways, including investing in an aquaculture company that farms fish species such as red sea bream and making capital investment in a manufacturing subsidiary in Thailand. Going forward, we will continue to make effective use of our business base and to expand it through active new investments.



Exterior of plant at Kyokuyo Global Seafoods Co., Ltd.

2. Strengthening our financial base

Through stable earnings and efficient use of business assets such as inventories, our financial base, including our equity ratio, has steadily strengthened. Going forward, we will strive to continue this process by building up stable profits, and we will allocate funds earned through our business activities in a balanced manner, including dividends to shareholders, active investments, and reduction of interest-bearing debt.

3. Strengthening our human resources base

In order to expand our business in an era of rapid change, we must create an environment where diverse human resources can play an active role. We respect a variety of work styles conducive to work-life balance, including less overtime, taking of paid leave, shorter working hours, and remote working, and will strengthen our human resources base by improving the working environment, strengthening human resource development, and reforming our personnel systems. product development that uses AI and keeps food-loss reduction in mind, development of ethical feed, and the use of biomass power generation, aiming for carbon neutrality in 2050.

4. ESG-focused management

Strengthening efforts to achieve the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) set out by the United Nations will be crucial in future corporate management, forming its very basis. In addition to pursuing *economic value* such as sales and profits, we must increase our corporate value by pursuing social value that helps to solve social issues, becoming a presence that is needed by society.

In terms of the environment, we will increase the sustainability of marine resources and ensure the stable supply of marine products through participation in SeaBOS, efforts to address marine plastic waste, acquisition of various certifications, effective use of remnants and processing residues, and responsible procurement initiatives with suppliers (Kyokuyo Group Basic Procurement Policy). In addition, we will strive to revitalize local communities through communication, respond to social demand, and create a comfortable working environment. In order to make aggressive management decisions and increase our corporate value, it is essential not only to ensure thorough compliance but also to practice good governance. We will strive to ensure management efficiency and transparency, aiming to be a company trusted by society by actively disclosing information and improving communication with stakeholders.

Through the above strategies, we will create shared value and contribute to a sustainable society by actively providing our value as a general foods company in response to constantly changing consumer needs and societal demands. In addition, by using various strategies to develop value shared by society and Kyokuyo as businesses, we will stabilize our earnings through expanded business and improved profit margins, in an effort to change to a high-profit structure.

Marine Products Purchasing Business

Strengths of our Marine Products Purchasing Business

- "Group-wide integrated system" from procurement to processing and sales
- Networks in and outside Japan
- Knowledge and know-how accumulated in each of the Group's segments







Frozen fish







• Business overview by segment (April 2020 to March 2021)

Salmon/trout

Sales weight and unit price by type of fish/shellfish in the Marine Products Purchasing Business [non-consolidated basis]



In our Marine Products Purchasing segment, sales decreased due to declines in exports of Japanese marine products and wholesale sales overseas, and reduced restaurant and wholesale demand due to the impact of consumers refraining from dining out. The sales of salmon and trout, which remained in the low-price zone, increased significantly, resulting in a large increase in profit that met our medium-term target. Net sales for fiscal 2020 decreased by ¥8.2 billion year on year to ¥118.9 billion, and segment profit increased by ¥1.3 billion to ¥3.0 billion.

Hachinohe Plant of Kyokuyo Shokuhin Co., Ltd.

Established in 1970, it now produces salted salmon, mainly red and Coho salmon, producing approximately 7,000 tons per year.

It is a top-level plant in Japan for processing mainly red salmon. With Hachinohe's ideal climate for salmon processing and its unique aging method, as well as the expert skills of its employees, it has received very high evaluations from across Japan.

Aiming to become the No. 1 salmon processing plant in Japan, we actively take on the challenge of new products such as seasoning-soaked fish products and fillets.



Addressing issues from our previous medium-term business plan

We will continue to increase the ratio of our value-added products for hedging against raw material inventory risks, secure stable profits, and improve sales expansion of our differentiated processed products. Going forward, we will continue to stabilize the supply of raw materials, strengthen access to resources, including diversification of purchasing sources, and develop processing capabilities that meet the market needs of the new normal era. We will additionally strengthen our handling of overseas processed products that can be connected directly to retail demand, enhancing our competitive products, and sell them to a wide range of business categories.

Segment targets for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024, under our new medium-term business plan "Build Up Platform 2024"



Operating profit ¥**3.6 billion**

Policy and measures

In our Marine Products Purchasing segment, we will engage in purchasing that matches marketing and practice thorough inventory control based on market trends, and strive to ensure stable earnings by establishing marketing routes for high-value-added products from our own plants. We will also reinforce local marketing at overseas bases and develop sales for products from our own plants in collaboration with the food segment to expand overseas sales.

Supplying products with a story

The final target of our new medium-term business plan "Build Up Platform 2024" is 142 billion yen in sales. This year, the first year of the plan, we will proceed with the theme of supplying more of our products with a story to customers, aiming for sales of 114 billion yen.

We are planning to increase sales of salmon and trout, which account for our largest handling volume, by 17% year on year. Looking ahead to the time after COVID-19 pandemic, we will strengthen our sales of such products as those for raw consumption at restaurants. As a new initiative, we will also advance consultations with related business partners to actively engage in inland aquaculture of salmon in Japan.

Regarding northern and southern frozen fish, we are continuing efforts to secure a 20% market share for pangasius (a white-meat fish), which is doing well. With Atka mackerel and Pacific ocean perch attaining manageable prices, we will propose products with higher added value and enhance our assortment.

For shrimp, we will propose high-value-added products and differentiated products, and expand our lineup with ready-toeat fried shrimp, and microwavable products, as well as differentiated products made with wild shrimp. We will expand our sales of crabs to new markets such as online shopping, and procure them from raw material production areas with a reasonable price. To expand export sales, we will focus on our own products such as Ocean King (imitation crab meat).

In terms of overseas marketing, exports of Japanese scallops and blue-skinned fish are steadily growing year by year, but there are still issues to be faced in scaling up the sales of our products outside Japan. Overseas, there is a great deal of damage to business routes targeting restaurants due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and as in Japan, we must urgently develop sales channels that support mass retailers and food delivery. We will also speed up our development and introduction of new products, including various certified products, continuing our efforts to increase the ratio of overseas sales.



Shigeru Kondo Senior Managing Director Responsible for Marine Products Purchasing segment

Food Business

(Foodservice Business and Retail and **Consumer Food Business**)

Strengths of our Food Business

- Accumulated manufacturing
- Global processing bases and procurement capabilities
- Product development capabilities and organizational strength for safe and reliable products

• Extensive product lineup



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Seafood delicacies





Frozen foods





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Business overview by segment (April 2020 to March 2021)

In the frozen foods segment, there was a downturn in sales of shrimp fritters and fried marine products on a significant decline in restaurant and wholesale demand. Sales of sushi toppings for major conveyor belt sushi restaurants, products for raw consumption, fillets for drugstores and heat-and-serve products, such as grilled fish and simmered fish, exceeded sales in the previous fiscal year. At 7,900 tons, the Shiogama Plant's production fell short of our target. Segment sales decreased by 5.2 billion yen year on year to 79.7 billion yen, and operating profit also decreased by 100 million yen to 800 million yen, falling short of the medium-term business plan's targets.

Sales of canned products in our shelf-stable foods business were on par with the previous fiscal year, due in part to stockpiling demand triggered by the declarations of a state of emergency. Sales of seafood delicacies performed strongly due to increased drinking at home, the introduction of cheese products, and other factors. As a result, net sales were 19.0 billion yen, the same level as in the previous fiscal year, while profit increased by 100 million yen year on year to 800 million yen. Although sales fell short of our medium-term business plan target, profit was significantly higher.

Issues from our previous medium-term business plan

While the Food Business has been growing steadily, it has been greatly affected by COVID-19, since marketing had centered on wholesale. Going forward, in addition to conventional products for commercial use, we will need to focus on expanding products for home use and on diversifying channels that can

respond flexibly to changes in the environment. We will expand sales channels through mass retailers, home delivery, and e-commerce sites, reduce expenses centered on logistics costs, and take other steps to increase the profitability of the Food Business

• Segment targets for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024, under our new medium-term business plan "Build Up Platform 2024"



Operating profit ¥3.0 billion

Policy and measures

In the Food Business segment, as of April 1, 2021, we reorganized from a product-based to a business category-based organization and established retail and consumer food products and foodservice products divisions. The first section of the retail and consumer food division is in charge of convenience stores (focusing on frozen foods) and frozen foods for home use, and the second section deals with shelf-stable foods such as canned products. By shifting to a business division structure, we will bolster the marketing capabilities of each branch and streamline the operations of our plants by consolidating items. At the same time, we will develop chilled products channels by establishing processing sites in various parts of Japan. We will also develop high-value-added products in pursuit of "foods to enjoy life."

• Working with customers to create products for dining in the era of the new normal

1 Increasing demand for eating at home 2 Products that are quicker and easier to prepare

The amount and frequency of housework



has increased as people spend more time at home due, for example, to self-restraint in going out and remote work during the COVID-19 pandemic. In particular, people are cooking more frequently, resulting in greater concern about what to make and the difficulty of making every meal. The photo is "Amberjack Teriyaki" from our Dandori Jozu series of frozen-chilled products. Customers can enjoy delicious grilled fish just by microwaving the bag as is. It is a product

(Produced by Kyokuyo Global Seafoods Co., Ltd.; six products in the series)

Focusing on sales of products manufactured at our direct plants

This year, the first fiscal year of our new medium-term business plan, our sales target for the foods division is 105.0 billion yen (73.0 billion yen for the foodservice products division and 32.0 billion yen for the retail and consumer food division). We see this as the first step in laying the foundation for stabilizing the management of our Food Business as a manufacturer.

With our reorganization, we will focus on strengthening our function as a manufacturer, developing and nurturing more products of our direct plants, and bolstering our sales. By increasing the production ratio of our direct plants, we intend to maximize profit, leading to Keizo Yamaguchi re-investment and corporate growth. Toward that end, I think it is also important to enhance Director our manufacturer products that meet market needs and to boost our product appeal and Responsible for Food Business segment development capabilities. To date, we have also focused on customer private brands (PB) and limited-edition products, but from here on we will focus more on manufacturing and marketing of our own products as a manufacturer. In particular, with our new business division system, customers feel closer in our retail and consumer food division, and we have put in place a responsive structure in which it is easy to make judgments and responses on site. Going forward, we will maximize our comprehensive capabilities that enable the formation of an integrated organization, from raw materials to manufacturing.



that can be easily cooked at home and meets the need for easier preparation.

③Packaged products in the deli section

Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, there is less selling of loose items in supermarket deli sections, where

individual packaging, in packs or bags, has become commonplace. We have reinforced our support for this new normal at sales points, and our new product "Mentai-Mochi Fry" comes with bags to sell the product. The mochi (sticky rice cake) and spicy mentai (salted cod roe) make a superb combination, creating a habit-forming flavor that makes food more enjoyable. (Produced by the Shiogama Plant of Kyokuyo

Shokuhin Co., Ltd.)



Tuna Business

Strengths of our Tuna Business

- A seamless system within the Group from fishing to aquaculture, purchasing, processing, and sales
- Global procurement and processing capabilities cultivated over many years
- Substantial processing system (with HACCP certifications for the U.S. and EU)
- Initiatives in fisheries to produce and raise fish, enabling high quality and a



Main products handled



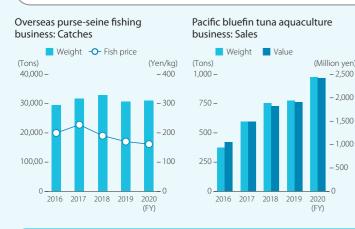
Tuna products

Skipjack products



other species (shipped chilled)

Business overview by segment (April 2020 to March 2021)



In the purse-seine fishing business of our Tuna Business segment, the annual catch was higher than the previous fiscal (Million yen) year, but sales decreased due to a lack of recovery in fish prices. On the other hand, the volume handled of Pacific bluefin tuna farmed in Japan increased. Sales of processed products such as Negitoro performed strongly, primarily to mass retailers, which have enjoyed robust sales during the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, in the tuna segment as a whole, sales were 29.9 billion yen, the same level as the previous fiscal year, and profit increased by 300 million yen year on year to 500 million yen, but fell short of the medium-term business plan target.

Ohigawa Plant of Kyokuyo Suisan Co., Ltd.

In November 2020, the Ohigawa Plant of Kyokuyo Suisan Co., Ltd. acquired EU HACCP* compliance verification for frozen tuna (loin, blocks, and saku blocks) for raw consumption.

^{*} EU HACCP: In order to export marine products to the EU and other countries, it is necessary to meet the EU's hydiene standards, from production-related facilities (aquaculture sites and fishing boats) to processing facilities. It is also necessary to receive certification by the New Business and Food Industry Department, Minister's Secretariat, Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries. (Source: Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries



Issues from our previous medium-term business plan

In the tuna segment, stabilizing earnings in the aquaculture business is a major issue. We will therefore promote sales of red sea bream from Kuroshio Suisan Co., Ltd. and improve the efficiency of our Pacific bluefin tuna aquaculture business.

In the overseas purse-seine fishing business, we will implement various efficiency measures, including the construction of a replacement vessel for our aging purse-seine fishing boat, in an attempt to stabilize earnings. Since a revenue base from processing and marketing is taking shape, we will aim

• Segment targets for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024, under our new medium-term business plan "Build Up Platform 2024"



Operating profit ¥33.0 billion ¥1.4 billion

Policy and measures

Our sales target for this fiscal year is 30.0 billion yen. We will strengthen collaboration with our tuna processing plants to drive sales of high-value-added products. In the overseas purse-seine fishing business, we will strive to increase catches by improving operational efficiency. In the aquaculture business, we will work on a continuously stable supply of farmed Pacific bluefin tuna and promote sales of other fish species, including red sea bream, farmed by our Group companies.

Showing the Group's strengths through collaboration

The Tuna segment will expand the scale of each business and stabilize earnings by showing the Group's strengths through an integrated manufacturing and sales system from fishing and aquaculture to processing and sales, as well as collaboration among each company and department.

The raw material of lean tuna from Kyokuyo Suisan Co., Ltd.'s ship Wakaba Maru is processed into negitoro and other products at our own plants including Kyokuyo Fresh Co., Ltd. and the Soemon Plant of Kyokuyo Suisan Co., Ltd., to ensure stable earnings in the purse-seine fishing business and maximize added value by processing catches. Kyokuyo Suisan Co., Ltd.'s new Ohigawa Plant has acquired HACCP certification for the EU and is expected to contribute to the expansion of our export sales channels.

On Shikoku, we farm Pacific bluefin tuna for our "Hon-Maguro no Kiwami" and "Hon-Maguro no Kiwami TUNAGU" products, the latter being raised with full-life-cycle aquaculture. Even as the market price remains weak due to a decrease in restaurant demand, both of these brands are rated highly for their stable quality, with sales of processed products on the rise by taking full advantage of the fresh processing capabilities of Kyokuyo Fresh Co., Ltd.

This fiscal year, there is an abundance of skipjack tuna for raw consumption, and with an environment facilitating its sales as a safe and inexpensive sashimi product, we plan to greatly expand our handling of skipjack. In both the Yaizu and Kagoshima areas, we plan to handle more than double the amount of processed tataki products (lightly seared skipjack tuna) than in the previous year.

In addition, we will continue to focus on red sea bream of Kuroshio Suisan Co., Ltd., which is entering its third season in the Kyokuyo Group. We will actively bolster our handling of imported fatty products of farmed tuna, which is receiving higher ratings for guality and price as resource recovery improves, with the aim of expanding our value-added products.

to change to a high-profit structure by leveraging our strengths in integration from production to processing and sales.

In the previous fiscal year, sales of fatty fish grew, especially to mass retailer routes, but sales to restaurant routes, including sushi restaurants, and overseas sales were affected by COVID-19, leaving challenges to be addressed. We must continue to strengthen our product processing and initiatives with our business partners at each marketing base.



Ken Sakai Vice President Responsible for Tuna Segment

Logistics Business

Strengths of our Logistics **Business**

- Accumulated know-how for "safe, reliable, and accurate delivery of products"
- Logistics network throughout Japan



Kyokuyo Akitsu Reizo Co., Ltd.

Business overview by segment (April 2020 to March 2021)

In our logistics services segment and cold storage business, cargo movement initially slowed due to the effects of COVID-19, but we focused on collecting cargo with good turnover, resulting in an increase in the volume of entering and exiting goods. In addition, we expanded our network of freight forwarding companies in an effort to reinforce our delivery business, with year-on-year sales increasing by 100 million yen to 1.0 billion yen and segment profit rising 50 million yen to 300 million yen.



• Segment targets for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024, under our new medium-term business plan "Build Up Platform 2024"

Policy and measures

services

We will strive to stabilize our earnings base centered on the Kyokuyo Group's inventory and to operate warehouses efficiently

Tokyo Office of Kyokuyo Akitsu Reizo Co., Ltd.

Introduction of truck reservation service

Kyokuyo Akitsu Reizo Co., Ltd.'s Tokyo Office has introduced a system that allows trucks coming to load or unload cargo to reserve a berth in advance. This reduced the number of on-site vehicles not scheduled for a pickup or drop-off, as well as truck waiting time, preparation, and vehicle contact time, thereby increasing the turnover rate at berths. Since the vehicles are called once a shipment is ready, the work is more efficient for both parties, with truck drivers and others praising the system. It has also been effective in reducing our overtime hours.



Foundation of Value Creation

In order to realize its corporate philosophy, the Kyokuyo Group incorporates social issues and changes in the business environment into its medium-term business plan, and practices ESG management to addresses issues through ESG-focused business activities. In this way, we will add greater competitiveness to the Kyokuyo Group's strengths and reinforce our foundation for value creation that contributes to the sustainable development of society.



Kyokuyo Group's approach to sustainability

Under ESG management based on its Corporate Philosophy and the Kyokuyo Group Corporate Action Charter, the Kyokuyo Group, as a general foods company with a focus on fish products, contributes to the sustainable development of society by creating social and economic value through food, aiming to resolve social issues and achieve sustainable growth through dialogue with stakeholders.

Creating and sharing value

products and services.

Communication with society

We will contribute to the creation of an enriched society through the value chain by engaging in active communication with various stakeholders, meeting the demands and expectations of society, and fulfilling our social responsibilities.

- An environment where diverse human resources can play an active role We will strive to create an environment where each individual can play an active role with respect for the diversity of human resources which is the source of new value creation.
- Harmony with the environment

We will strive to realize a sustainable society in harmony with the environment by pursuing business activities that consider measures such as reducing environmental burden, mitigating climate change, conserving biodiversity and ecosystems.

• Enhancement of corporate governance

We will aim to be a company trusted by society by conducting fair business activities, ensuring compliance, and strengthening risk management through swift and highly transparent management.

We will resolve various social issues and contribute to the realization of a healthy and heart-enriched lifestyle and a sustainable society by creating and sharing value with society through the provision of safe and reliable

1

Kyokuyo Group's Promotion of ESG Management

The Kyokuyo Group will squarely face a variety of issues that reflect the times, including growing awareness of safety, reliability, and health, as well as the sustainable use of resources and the issue of marine plastic waste.

Kyokuyo Group's relationship with stakeholders

The Kyokuyo Group believes that incorporating the requests and expectations of stakeholders into its business strategies and activities is an essential part of sustainable corporate management. While improving communication with stakeholders, we strive to fulfill information disclosure and accountability, build good relationships, and utilize stakeholders' perspectives in our management.

Tools and opportunities for communication with stakeholders

| Stakeholders | M | ethods and opportunities for communication |
|--|--|--|
| Customers | In order to gain the trust of our customers, we value communication, think from the customer's point of view, and respond to customer feedback. | Daily sales activities Customer Relation Center Product introductions at new product presentations Exhibiting at Japan International Seafood & Technology Expo, etc. Participation in various campaigns Introduction of products and recipes on our websites; TV commercials |
| Business partners (suppliers, partner companies) | We are committed to all forms of compliance with our business partners, conduct fair and equitable transactions, build relationships of trust, and fulfill our social responsibilities together. | Daily procurement activities Customers association of each branch office Regular plant visits and guidance Kyokuyo Cooperation Association Technical Research Meeting Technical Exchange Workshop in China |
| Shareholders and investors | We place importance on highly transparent management and communication, achieve accountability, and make use of shareholder and investor feedback in management. | Fair, continuous, and accurate information disclosure to shareholders and investors Active information dissemination and dialogue at general meetings of shareholders, IR briefings, etc. Business reports |
| Employees | Based on the principle of respect for human, we will create workplace environments that consider fairness, impartiality, and human rights, where employees can play an active role with a job satisfaction. | Personnel interviews Company newsletter, intranet (bulletin boards and business contact boards) Stress checks • Various types of e-learning Harassment consultation hotline Consultation with labor union; Occupational Safety Committee |
| Society | We will advance activities that contribute to the development of local communities and work to solve social issues through communication and collaboration with various related organizations. | Sponsorship as an official partner of the Japan Canoe Federation Acceptance of internships Technology development through industry/academia collaboration Clean river activities Timely and appropriate reporting and provision of information to the government Participation in industry development and the realization of a sustainable society through industry associations |
| Environment | We are working to conserve the global environment through sustainable resource use and efforts to reduce environmental burden. | Promoting environmental conservation activities in line with environmental policies Use of environmentally friendly raw materials Initiatives for "Eco Label" products (MSC, ASC, MEL, etc.) Participation in SeaBOS (Seafood Business for Ocean Stewardship) Participation in CLOMA (Clean Ocean Material Alliance) |

Participation in initiatives

Participating in SeaBOS: Seafood Business for Ocean Stewardship

SeaBOS is a global initiative in which 10 of the world's leading seafood companies across the wild capture, aquaculture, and feed production sectors work with scientists to address challenges toward sustainable utilization of marine resources and the realization of a healthy ocean and global



environment through scientifically based approaches. Kyokuyo has been participating in this initiative since April 2017 and is now in its fifth year.

In October 2020, the Keystone Dialogue was held online due to COVID-19 pandemic. During the dialogue, the CEOs of companies from around the world and scientists agreed to work together on various issues, including strengthening traceability, addressing ocean plastic waste, reducing antibiotic use in aquaculture, and tackling climate change, in addition to eliminating IUU fishing and labor abuse.

The initiative aims to actively contribute specifically to the achievement of the United Nations' 14th Sustainable Development Goal (SDG): the conservation and sustainable use of oceans and marine resources. Through initiatives at SeaBOS, we will help to resolve social issues such as the realization of a sustainable fisheries industry and the conservation of a healthy marine environment, while also improving our own sustainability.

Participating in the Japan Clean Ocean Material Alliance (CLOMA)

CLOMA was established in January 2019 with the support of Japan's Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry and the participation of companies from various industries with the aim of preventing marine pollution caused by plastic waste. With the participation of more



companies, the Alliance is engaged in initiatives such as business matching between companies, sharing information on case studies, monitoring the latest technology trends, collaborating with international organizations and overseas research institutes, and promoting diverse business-to-business collaboration.

For the Kyokuyo Group, marine pollution caused by plastic waste is a major risk to the Group's business. We recognize that thorough management of plastic waste, strengthening of 3R

initiatives, the development and dissemination of alternative materials, and other measures are important issues for reducing marine plastic waste. Through the Alliance, we come into contact with the latest information on new materials, alternatives, etc., and deepen our knowledge of this issue. We will work to solve the problem by effectively feeding back this information to the Group's business activities.

Strengthening environmental management

Kyokuyo Group's approach to environmental management

At the Kyokuyo Group, all employees are working actively to reduce the environmental burden of our business activities in order to make effective use of marine and other resources and to provide safe and reliable products as a food manufacturer. Since acquiring ISO 14001 certification – an international standard for environmental management – in December 2004, we have established an environmental conservation system based on the Kyokuyo Group Environmental Policy and are carrying out environmental conservation activities that take into account our impact on the global environment.

Please refer to our website for the Kyokuyo Group Environmental Policy. https://www.kyokuyo.co.jp/environment/management/index.html

Environmental conservation system

Our Environmental Conservation Committee, chaired by the president, evaluates the effectiveness, among other things, of the Group's environmental activities, sets targets, and formulates plans. It also conducts internal environmental audits to ensure the appropriate operation of our environmental management system and compliance with requirements.

Environmental Conservation Organizational Chart



Please refer to our website for more information on our environmental management.

https://www.kyokuyo.co.jp/environment/management/index.html

Environment

Conserving Biodiversity

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Social issues (background)

- Preventing pollution of the marine environment
- Sustainable and efficient use of marine resources
- Overfishing, illegal fishing methods, and excessive catches due to operations

Kyokuyo Group's recognition and policy

As the demand for fishery resources increases worldwide with growing calls for larger catches, the harmful effects of illegal fishing methods and overfishing due to operations and other reasons have also become apparent. This has led to mounting interest in the sustainable use of fishery resources worldwide and the need for fisheries to properly conserve and effectively use fishery resources, including consideration for ecosystems and prevention of excessive catches of resources. As a group of companies that handle fishery resources, the Kyokuyo Group strives to use marine resources sustainably and efficiently, and actively engages in biodiversity and ecosystem conservation as well as social contribution activities.

Global annual consumption of edible seafood per capita by region



Initiatives in the aquaculture business

With a view to sustainable and efficient use of marine resources, Kyokuyo is developing its business in line with conservation of biodiversity, including by engaging in aquaculture, mainly of Pacific bluefin tuna and red sea bream, but also of Japanese amberjack and white trevally.

One of the issues in the aquaculture business from the viewpoint of consideration for the natural environment and biodiversity is efforts to reduce the dependence on the resource of anchovies, which are the main raw material for the fish meal used in aquaculture feed. Kyokuyo strives for sustainable use of fishery resources by changing the amount of fishmeal used

Kyokuyo Group's approach

- Conservation of the marine environment
- Preventing excessive catches
- Appropriate conservation and effective use of fishery resources, and full-life-cycle aquaculture of Pacific bluefin tuna
- Handling of standard-approved/certified products for conserving biodiversity

and working on feed with reduced fishmeal according to the characteristics and growth process of fish. In this way, we pursue both business continuity and qualities such as taste, fattiness, and color. In addition, by checking the feeding status to determine the appropriate amount of feed to provide, we minimize feed sedimentation in an effort to reduce the impact on the

marine environment of the aquaculture farm. Going forward, we will continue to pursue improvements in the accuracy of various aquaculture technologies to further stabilize our business.



Mixed feed

TOPICS Aquaculture companies' consideration for biodiversity

Maintaining and conserving a good marine environment is a vital issue for our aquaculture businesses carried out in the natural environment, such as Kyokuyo Feed One Marine Co., Ltd., which farms Pacific bluefin tuna, and Kuroshio Suisan Co., Ltd., which mainly farms red sea bream as well as species such as Japanese amberjack, white trevally, and burihira (a cross between Japanese amberjack and yellowtail). For this reason, and in consideration of biodiversity, sustainability, the environment, etc., we strictly manage factors such as water quality standards, chemicals, and chemical substances in the bottom paints of fishing vessels used for feeding. The Kyokuyo Group will build a safe, reliable, and sustainable supply chain by establishing a seamless system from aquaculture to fresh processing and sales.

Preventing excessive catch and bycatch, and appropriate use and management of fishing gear

Kyokuyo Suisan Co., Ltd., as a member of the Japan Far Seas Purse Seine Fishing Association, cooperates with other fishery organizations in reporting catches of tuna including skipjack and resource management with the cooperation of Japan's Fisheries Agency, which participates in the Western and Central Pacific Fisheries Commission (WCPFC). Specifically, we have established a fishing season that does not use Fish Aggregation Devices (FADs) to prevent excessive catches, and operate according to the annual catch quota established by the government. We are also promoting *free school fishing** in which adult fish swimming at high speed are located using a helicopter and caught in an effort to prevent bycatch of young fish with less swimming power.

When creatures other than tuna such as cetaceans, sharks, rays, and birds are caught as bycatch, the company warns its vessels and responds strictly according to the rules.

Regarding the use and management of fishing gear, we use naturally-derived objects for FADs or attach sonar satellite buoys with vessel's identification marks and names to FADs in order to prevent outflow, then collect them after use. The fishing nets

are used first and foremost to prevent damage, and if damaged, they are repaired on board. In addition, we carry back all man-made waste picked up during fishing operations, and dispose of it after landing.



Wakaba Maru, which carries a helicopter

* Free school fishing: A method of catching tuna that swim at high speed in a school by following the sardines and other prey on which they feed.

Initiatives for Marine Eco-Label and certified marine products

With growing global interest in the sustainable use of fishery resources, demand for MSC- and ASC-certified marine products is expected to significantly increase in the future, both in Japan and abroad. The Kyokuyo Group began handling MSC- and ASCcertified marine products in 2006, and since then has steadily increased its number of registered fish species and handling volumes, while expanding the scope of certification. In addition to group plants in Japan, our major cooperating plants involved in the manufacture of the Group's products are included in the scope of CoC certification. Five overseas subsidiaries (Kyokuyo America Corporation, Qingdao Kyokuyo International Co., Ltd., Kyokuyo Europe B.V., K&U Enterprise Co., Ltd., and Kyokuyo Global Seafoods Co., Ltd.) have independently acquired CoC certification.

In addition, Kyokuyo Co., Ltd. and Kyokuyo Suisan Co., Ltd. are members of the Marine Eco-Label Japan (MEL) Council, which is the scheme owner of the Japanese Fisheries Eco-Label "MEL," and our affiliates are also preparing to obtain MEL certification.

Through these initiatives, the Kyokuyo Group strives to achieve the 14th SDG, "Life Below Water," and contributes to

conservation of biodiversity, using fishery resources sustainably, and passing on Japanese food culture with blessed abundant diversity to the next generation.



TOPICS Expanding CoC certification of MSC and ASC at overseas affiliates

We must urgently increase our sales in overseas markets, where growth is higher than in the shrinking Japanese market. Accordingly, the Kyokuyo Group will reinforce its marketing structure by establishing new overseas bases and developing business partners, among other efforts.

In addition to these initiatives, five overseas subsidiaries (Kyokuyo America Corporation, Qingdao Kyokuyo International Co., Ltd., Kyokuyo Europe B.V., K&U Enterprise Co., Ltd., and Kyokuyo Global Seafoods Co., Ltd.) have acquired CoC certification of MSC and ASC and will continue to expand their sales of our products through aggressive handling.

Kyokuyo Group's acquisition of CoC certification of MSC and ASC (as of July 2021)

| | Certification number |
|-----|----------------------|
| MSC | MSC-C-51738 |
| ASC | ASC-C-00459 |

| | Registered fish species |
|-----|---|
| MSC | Sablefish, Arrow-toothed halibut, Snow crab, Atlantic herring, Alaska pollock, Pacific cod, Atlantic cod, Rex sole, Flathead sole, Pacific halibut, Dusky sole, Northern dusky sole, Yellowfin sole, Blue grenadier (Argentina), Blue grenadier (New Zealand), Kitanonaga ubagai (surf clam), Capelin, Hake, Blue whiting, Pink salmon, Chum salmon, |
| | Coho salmon, Red salmon, Chinook salmon, Deepwater prawn (North Atlantic), Scallop (Hokkaido), Plaice, Pollock, Atlantic mackerel, Atka mackerel, Pacific ocean perch, Yellowfin tuna, Greenland halibut, Sprat |
| ASC | Whiteleg shrimp, Coho salmon, Tilapia, Pangasius, Black tiger shrimp, Atlantic salmon, Rainbow trout |

Environment

Achieving a Carbon-Neutral Society



Social issues (background)

- Climate change countermeasures
- Reducing environmental impact factors associated with business activities

Kyokuyo Group's recognition and policy

Global warming, mainly due to an increase in CO₂ emissions, is a factor that causes rising sea levels and water temperatures, and unstable weather. In order to realize sustainable production and consumption in the future, it is essential to reduce the environmental impact of business activities and mitigate the impact of climate change. In these circumstances, Kyokuyo will strive to realize a decarbonized society by reducing greenhouse gas emissions and efficiently using energy resources.

Reducing CO₂ emissions

In fiscal 2020, the Kyokuyo Group's electricity consumption was 29,590,000 kWh, a reduction of 7.7% compared to our target. CO₂ emissions were 17,216.8 t-CO₂, a reduction of 8.9% compared to our target.

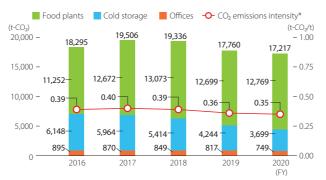
Food plant sites are the major users of electricity within the Kyokuyo Group. At these sites, we endeavored to manage the amount of electricity used per unit of production (i.e., intensity), and while production rose 2.9% year on year, electricity consumption increased 1.8%. CO₂ emissions decreased by approximately 10% compared to our target, partly due to a better emission factor at power supply companies than in the previous year, and increased by approximately 0.6% year on year. CO₂ emissions intensity, a standard for resource efficiency, was 0.36 t-CO₂/t in fiscal 2019 and 0.35 t-CO₂/t in fiscal 2020.

As the system to increase production advances into the future, we will continue to thoroughly manage intensity at both food plants and cold storage sites, aiming for efficient operation. In order to control greenhouse gas emissions and use energy resources efficiently, we will actively make capital investments, such as for changing to energy-saving facilities.

Kyokuyo Group's approach

Reducing CO₂ emissions Accurate understanding and analysis of energy consumption • Efficient use of energy resources

CO₂ emissions



* The scope of CO₂ emissions intensity only includes food plants.

Transition to CFC-free refrigeration

In February 2019, the Fukuoka site of Kyokuyo Akitsu Reizo Co., Ltd. updated its freezer system. Following this, it updated its cooling system for chilled storage and cargo sorting rooms and began operating the new system in March 2021. This cooling system is based on CFC-free natural refrigerant equipment using a hybrid method of ammonia and carbon dioxide. It is expected to reduce CO₂ emissions by reducing power consumption and reduce CFCs, which are powerful greenhouse gases, by eliminating CFC refrigerants.

The energy-saving effect is expected to fluctuate greatly depending on the summer weather when the temperature in the cargo sorting area rises, but the estimated data predicts a CO₂ emission reduction effect of about 350 tons per year. We will strive for more efficient operation in an effort to reduce environmental impact.



CFC-free freezer

Achieving a Circular Society

Social issues (background)

Reducing environmental impact associated with business activities

Kyokuyo Group's recognition and policy

The Kyokuyo Group's business is supported by and based on nature's bounty. It is therefore essential that we operate our business by making effective use of limited natural resources. We will strive to reduce food waste by effectively utilizing food and other resources through our product development, introduction of AI technology, promotion of recycling, and more. At the same time, we will also strive to make effective use of food waste to reduce the environmental impact of our business activities and achieve a circular society.

Recycling food waste

Since around 2005, Kyokuyo Foods Co., Ltd., which produces imitation crab meat, has been processing food waste discharged from production and recycling it as compost. The weights of food waste and of production compost over the past three years are given below.

All food waste discharged is treated in-house, achieving a 100% recycling rate. In consideration of the environmental impact, we opted for a method based on microorganisms that emits less CO₂ than incineration, and recycle the output as compost.

Food waste weight and production compost weight (Kyokuyo Foods Co., Ltd.)

| | FY2018 | FY2019 | FY2020 |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Treated food waste weight | 117.7 | 140.3 | 129.2 |
| Production compost weight | 12.4 | 16.8 | 17.0 |

Food waste discharged by Kyokuyo Fresh Co., Ltd., which mainly produces tuna products, is used as feed after being properly processed by a disposal contractor, achieving a 100% recycling rate. The food waste weight and production feed weight over the past three years are as follows.

Food waste weight and production feed weight (Kyokuyo Fresh Co., Ltd.)

| | FY2018 | FY2019 | FY2020 |
|------------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Food waste weight | 539.1 | 453.2 | 454.3 |
| Production feed weight | 167.1 | 140.5 | 140.8 |

(tons)

(tons)





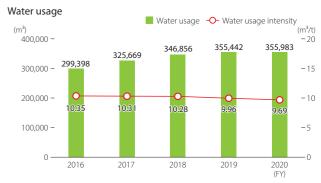
Kyokuyo Group's approach

- Efficient use of food waste
- Sustainable use and management of water

At our food plants other than the above two companies, we have also selected disposal routes that recycle food waste into fertilizer and feed, and maintain a recycling rate of almost 100% for food waste.

Management of water usage and wastewater quality

The amount of water used in our food plants increased by approximately 0.2% year on year, as annual production increased by approximately 3%. As a result of efforts to reduce water usage by revising work processes and promoting circular use of water, our water resource efficiency increased, with water usage intensity improving from 9.96 m³/t in fiscal 2019 to 9.69 m³/t in fiscal 2020 (a 0.27-point improvement).



Efficient use and management of energy

Given its location near the Hongo River, a branch in the Naka River basin, the Hitachinaka Plant of Kyokuyo Shokuhin Co., Ltd. pays close attention to wastewater guality, has increased sedimentation tanks of its drainage facilities, and implemented a number of measures to improve wastewater processing capacity.

However, when the water temperature drops in the winter, microorganisms become less active, causing a drop in wastewater purification processing capacity, which had been an issue. The plant now uses steam from a boiler that operates every day to maintain water temperature and microbial activity in the aeration tank even if the outside temperature drops, preventing a decrease in wastewater processing capacity. Since this improvement, the activity of microorganisms has been maintained, and the wastewater quality in winter has stabilized.

Kyokuyo Group's Efforts to Reduce Plastic Waste

The Kyokuyo Group works on prevention, reduction, and control from the time plastic is on land to stop it from entering the ocean.

• Measures to prevent marine plastic outflow: Regular replacement of fishing nets

Kyokuyo Marine Ehime Co., Ltd. and Kyokuyo Marine Farm Co., Ltd. Kyokuyo Marine Ehime Co., Ltd. and Kyokuyo Marine Farm Co., Ltd., which farm tuna, conduct facility restoration work as part of their daily operations to prevent plastic fishing nets and buoys from being damaged and entering the ocean. In addition, they regularly land their nets and buoys to check the condition every three years and adopt a cycle of replacement in the ninth year.



Checking buoys for damage Taking netting in

• Reducing plastic used in products: Reducing the size of bags used for products

Kyokuyo Foods Co., Ltd.

Since 2019, we have been working to reduce the use of fossil fuel-derived plastics by reducing the size of bags by 20% by area ratio for Ocean King, the Kyokuyo Group's leading product.





• Reducing waste plastic by improving packaging defects (jamming) on production lines

Shiogama Plant of Kyokuyo Shokuhin Co., Ltd.

× Research and Development Division Laboratory

On the simmered fish line at the Shiogama Plant of Kyokuyo Shokuhin Co., Ltd., the alignment conveyor in the conveyance process from vacuum packaging (deep draw) to steaming was improved to reduce the generation of second-rate products caused by jamming during packaging. As a result, work efficiency increased, product yield improved by more than 2%, and waste plastic generation was reduced.



Clean River Activities

Canoe Slalom Japan Cup Kyokuyo Series

Once plastic waste is out to sea, it is difficult to recover. Based on the recognition that it is important "not to let plastic initially go out to sea," we conduct Clean River Activities in which spectators, athletes, and tournament organizers help to clean up the area along the river near the course following competition at the Canoe Slalom Japan Cup Kyokuyo Series held by the Japan Canoe Federation, which we sponsor.



Social

Contributing to a Healthy and Heart-Enriched Lifestyle and Food Culture

Social issues (background)

- Changes in food lifestyles (increased demand for "timesavings," such as quicker and easier preparation) and changes in household structure
- Establishment of a new lifestyle (new normal) due to the spread of COVID-19
- Less selling of loose items at sales points and growing preference for eating at home due to the spread of COVID-19
- Growing demand for food safety and increasing health needs

Kyokuyo Group's recognition and policy

In Japan, people are eating less fish than before due to changes in lifestyle and household structure. However, seafood contains high-quality animal protein, and is low in calories and rich in nutrients such as vitamins and essential minerals. It also contains functional ingredients such as DHA and EPA.

The Kyokuyo Group will contribute to a healthy food culture by working to popularize eating fish through the development and sales of products that meet the high health needs of consumers.

Focusing on gourmet foods

While the need for quicker and easier preparation is increasing, as a "new lifestyle" triggered by COVID-19 permeates society, innovations to enjoy life are appearing everywhere. This includes food, where its traditional roles in "Enjoying life" and "Feeling well" are being rediscovered. In addition to "creating time-savings," Kyokuyo will expand Sea Marché brand products that focus on ingredient and flavor innovations, and make use of feedback from diverse consumers in our product development. By pursuing the value of "food to enjoy life," we will aim to realize our corporate philosophy of contributing to a healthy and heart-enriched lifestyle and food culture.



A Sea Marché brand product





Kyokuyo Group's approach

- Contributing to popularization of eating fish and reduction of labor at food preparation sites through efforts such as the development of products that meet consumer needs
- Contributing to a healthy food culture through product development that meets the needs of the growing numbers of health-conscious people
- Delivering wellness to more people through deliciousness by making use of customer feedback in an effort to create products for the elderly and nursing care food markets
- Focusing on food that is not only guicker and easier to prepare, but also provides "Enjoying" and "Feeling well"

Extracting balenine from opah (moonfish): Collaboration between industry, academia, and aovernment

-It is believed that *active enzymes* caused by stress and physical activity are closely related to fatigue felt in modern people. These active enzymes have been found to damage and oxidize cells.

Imidazole dipeptide, a kind of amino acid, is attracting attention as an antioxidant to protect against such damage, prevent lifestyle-related diseases, suppress aging, and reduce fatigue. Imidazole dipeptide is regarded as effective not only for preventing fatigue, but also for improving muscle endurance and fatigue recovery functions. It is believed to help create a body that is less likely to become tired, while at the same time eliminating fatigue itself.

Balenine is a type of peptide in which two amino acids are bound together. Until now, it was thought that baleen whales were the only aquatic life to have it, but it has now been found that opah (moonfish) extract contains three times the balenine of whale extract.

The Kyokuyo Group's Laboratory in the Research and Development Division and its Foodservice Products Division collaborate to develop products with the cooperation in functional research and evaluation of the Fisheries Technology

Institute of the Japan Fisheries Research and Education Agency National Research and (a Development Agency) and several universities.



Opah fillets

Supplying Safe and Reliable Products

Social issues (background)

- Increasing interest in food safety and reliability
- Initiatives to improve quality

Basic Policy for Quality Assurance

Providing safe and reliable products

We place top priority on providing safe and reliable products for our customers. We will build, maintain, manage, and continuously review systems to that end.

Complying with the Law

We will comply with all relevant laws and regulations related to food, such as the Food Sanitation Act. We will also comply with voluntary agreements established separately.

Providing accurate information

We will provide our customers with accurate and easyto-understand information on our products.

Sincere Customer Support

In the event of an accident or complaint with our products, we will prevent the spread of damage, investigate the cause, formulate countermeasures, and report to customers promptly and with sincerity.

Enhancing food defense and food safety at processing sites

Main categories in the Kyokuyo Food Defense Guidelines

- Organizational management
- Facility management
- Human factor of Employees
- Management of entry and exit
- Human factor of outsiders

Initiatives to improve quality

Kyokuyo convenes a Kyokuyo Cooperation Association Technical Research Meeting every February with the participation of the plants that we contract to process our products. In 2021, it was postponed due to COVID-19 pandemic, but usually in order to improve the guality of products at each plant, we are sharing wide-ranging information, from basics to the very detailed every year. Specifically, we report cases of complaints and

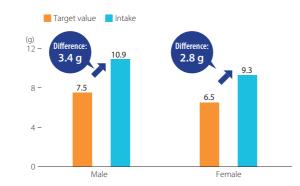
Low-salt life that is doable and delicious

In April 2020, the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare revised the Dietary Reference Intakes for Japanese, and in order to promote the prevention of lifestyle-related diseases from a young age, the target amount of sodium (sodium chloride equivalent) for adults was lowered by 0.5 grams per day (less than 7.5 g for male and less than 6.5 g for female per day). However, there is data that currently people excessively intake about 3 grams, and it is viewed as a problem that the target amount and the current intake differ significantly. The Kyokuyo Group, based on this current situation, continuously proposes low-salt products that take into account the health of its customers.

We are launching new products under the concept of "a low-salt life that is doable and delicious." In autumn 2020, we released "Sardines in Soy sauce (Low Salt)" and "Sardines in Miso sauce (Low Salt)," both with 25% less salt than Kyokuyo's conventional products. In autumn 2021, we are planning to release "Mackerel in Brine (Low Salt)" and "Mackerel in Miso sauce (Low Salt)," both with 30% less salt than the conventional products, (aiming for a launch in September 2021).

Changes in food lifestyles have led to the greater appeal of "time-savings," such as easier preparation, resulting in a further increase in expectations for processed foods and seasonings. Considering also the fact that there is greater demand for eating at home due to the COVID-19 pandemic, we are aware that the responsibility of food companies, which are involved in customers' food and health, has become even greater. In order to practice our corporate philosophy of "contributing to a healthy and heart-enriched lifestyle and food culture" and, moreover, to contribute to society as a food company, we will continue to develop and sell a series of low-salt products and products with "high health value."

Target value and intake of daily sodium chloride equivalent



Target amount: Dietary Reference Intakes for Japanese (2020 edition) Average intake: National Health and Nutrition Survey (2019)





Sardines in Miso sauce (Low Salt) Sardines in Soy sauce (Low Salt)



Mackerel in Brine (Low Salt)

Mackerel in Miso sauce (Low Salt)

Helping to solve problems in the elderly food and nursing care markets by creating products with customer feedback

In recent years, the shortage of labor in medical, nursing care, and welfare facilities has become a serious social problem. Food preparation sites at these facilities require quicker and easier preparation, as well as products that are easy for the elderly to eat and swallow.

We have received valuable feedback from nutritionists and others from medical and nursing care facilities who have visited Care Show Japan, an exhibition that we have exhibited at seven times. By making efforts to create products based on this feedback, we will help to solve social problems in medical care, nursing care, and welfare.



Dandori Jozu series Mackerel Fillets

37 Kyokuyo Group Integrated Report 202



Kyokuyo Group's approach

- Creating a system for safety and reliability
- Disseminating accurate product information
- Improving the environment at production sites

make related requests, explain and make requests concerning revisions to food-related laws and regulations and compliance with the Food Labeling Act, and exchange information on hygiene management methods and case studies of success and failure at each plant.

In addition, we invite lecturers from outside the company to give talks on specialized topics, provide hands-on practical training, and take other steps to acquire the knowledge needed by quality control personnel at a production plant.

Improving the environment at production sites

Kyokuyo works on quality assurance activities, centered on our Quality Assurance Department, with our top priority of procuring safe and reliable foods. To ensure the production of safe and reliable products, members of our Quality Assurance Department personally visit processing subcontractors in Japan as well as in foreign countries where there are no permanent guality control staff members, in order to conduct audits and provide guidance. In addition, we divide production sites into four ranks, based on such factors as production quantity, to decide the frequency of plant inspections, and visit them to check on their plant management system, which is crucial for the supply of safe and reliable products.

At processing subcontractors in China, Vietnam, and Thailand, we have Japanese and local staff specializing in guality control stationed on site to respond speedily in ensuring product guality and hygiene management. Local foreign staff members are periodically trained in Japan to deepen their understanding of the management required for food products bound for Japan



Hygiene inspection at a partner plant in Thailand



Checking an X-ray inspection by local staff in China

Please refer to our website for more information on our Ouality Assurance System https://www.kyokuyo.co.jp/en/company/point/reliability/

Supply Chain Management



Social issues (background)

- Realizing a sustainable society
- Increasing interest in food safety and reliability
- Growing awareness of human rights and diverse societies



Establishing a basic procurement policy

Kyokuyo Group's approach

- Building a sustainable supply chain
- Ensuring traceability

"Responsible procurement" based on the Kyokuyo Group Basic Procurement Policy

At present, various social and environmental issues are driving a growing interest in corporate social responsibility (CSR) for the realization of a sustainable society. Companies are now required not only to pursue "economic value" such as sales and profits, but also "social value" that helps to resolve social issues.

Given this situation, the Kyokuyo Group is determined to fulfill its social responsibility and to do its part to realize a sustainable society through ESG-focused business activities, based on our Corporate Philosophy and the Kyokuyo Group Corporate Action Charter. Accordingly, we have formulated the Kyokuyo Group Basic Procurement Policy in line with ISO 26000, an international standard for social responsibility, and are promoting responsible procurement activities.

Eight points of the Kyokuyo Group Basic Procurement Policy

- **1** Compliance with laws and social norms
- Respect for human rights
- **3** Safe and employee-friendly workplace environment
- **4** Consideration for the global environment
- Fair business practices
- **6** Safe and reliable products and services
- with local communities
- Information security

Please refer to our website for the Kyokuyo Group Basic Procurement Policy. https://www.kyokuyo.co.jp/en/environment/client/

Building a sustainable supply chain

In order to build a sustainable supply chain through responsible procurement, we must work not only with the Kyokuyo Group, but also with all the business partners who provide us with raw materials, products, materials and equipment, and services.

In order to provide our business partners with an understanding of the Kyokuyo Group's thinking and request their cooperation in responsible procurement activities, we have established Supplier Guidelines as principles for our business partners with the aim of contributing to the realization of a sustainable society throughout the supply chain.

Please refer to our website for our Supplier Guidelines.

https://www.kyokuyo.co.jp/en/files/202103supplierguidelinese.pdf

Acquiring chain of custody (CoC) certification from MSC and ASC as supply chain management and promoting the handling of certified marine products

As mentioned above, the Kyokuyo Group encourages the handling of MSC- and ASC-certified marine products. In handling these products, we are required to meet the CoC standards for management certification of processing and distribution processes and to obtain the certification.

CoC certification is primarily aimed at establishing traceability by preventing the mixing of certified and noncertified marine products in the processing and distribution, from certified fisheries and aquaculture farms to product sales. Certification also requires in its stipulated principles and precautions that there is no connection to forced labor, child labor, and vessels deemed to engage in illegal, unreported, and unregulated (IUU) fishing. In order to sell marine products as certified, they must be procured from suppliers that have obtained this certification, the same as us.

The Kyokuyo Group agrees with this certification management method, and believes that further increased handling of certified marine products is essential to its responsible procurement.

Creating a Comfortable Working Environment and Human Resource Development

Social issues (background)

- Promoting productive and rewarding employment with decent work
- Providing opportunities for women to participate in decision-making in various areas of society

Kyokuyo Group's recognition and policy

Kyokuyo believes that creating a comfortable workplace has many benefits, including motivating employees to work, encouraging them to demonstrate their abilities and as a result improve productivity, realize efficient management, and prevent mental health issues. To promote this policy, we have introduced various systems and are proceeding with revisions or abolition to improve their utilization rates.

Creating a comfortable working environment

Introduction of mental healthcare measures and stress checks

Mental health refers to one's emotional health status, and maintaining the good mental health of employees is essential for corporate growth and development.

We have been working on mental health promotion and mental healthcare measures for employees since before 2015, when a stress-check system became mandatory. We have contracted with an external specialized organization to establish a consultation service to give employees access to information and advice from a third-party point of view. We have also conducted stress-check tests every year since 2015 to help individual employees understand their own stress status, and we have been working to make this useful for future health management.

Voice What I felt using maternity and childcare leave: Balancing work and family

In 2019, I took maternity and childcare leave, and in April 2021 I returned to the same department. During my maternity and childcare leave, the company took care of all related procedures for me. And since I was able to exchange information with the persons in charge in the Personnel Department, I was not concerned about returning to work. I am currently using the Shorter Working Hours for Childcare System, which is very helpful because it allows me to pick up my child at 5:30 p.m. I am also very grateful for the understanding and support of my colleagues in the department, who make sure I don't leave late due to overtime work and also make it possible for me to leave suddenly or take time off. As of March 31, 2019, there were 33 people who had returned to work after maternity and childcare leave, and we are in a supportive environment where we can consult colleagues having longer career as moms about work and child-rearing concerns.

Thanks to this support, I am able to balance work and parenting, and live a fulfilling life every day.



Kyokuyo Group's approach

- Fair and equitable employment regardless of nationality or gender
- Creating workplaces that respect the diversity of work styles and are conscious of work-life balance
- Promoting women's empowerment

Harassment prevention and expert support

We are working to create safe and comfortable workplaces that are harassment-free and where all employees can respect each other. At the beginning of each fiscal year, we remind employees of this through a notice sent out and have also established an external consultation service with qualified experts such as clinical psychologists and psychiatric social workers as a measure of precaution regarding all forms of harassment including sexual harassment and power harassment.

Recognized as an excellent user of the Technical Intern Training Program

At different sites in Japan, the Kyokuyo Group accepts foreign technical intern trainees, and they are now indispensable in each

of these workplaces. One by one, each company that accepts trainees has also received recognition as an excellent user, with Kaiyo Foods Co., Ltd., Kyokuyo Shokuhin Co., Ltd., and Kyokuyo Fresh Co., Ltd. having obtained certifications of excellence.



A note to employees used by Kyokuyo Fresh Co., Ltd.



Misato Okuma Employee Welfare Section, Human Resources Department, Kyokuyo Co., Ltd.

Social

Contributing to the Community



Social issues (background)

- Problem of marine plastic waste
- Realizing a sustainable fisheries industry

Kyokuyo Group's recognition and policy

We will strive to understand and respect the culture, customs, and traditions of the local communities where we do business, with a view to coexisting in harmony with them. We will build mutual trust by actively deepening communication with local communities and address issues related to the lives of people in the community and the global environment through our business, thereby contributing to regional development.

Canoe Slalom Japan Cup / Clean River Activities

Since 2017, Kyokuyo has been sponsoring the activities of the Japan Canoe Federation as an official partner with a view to engaging in environmental conservation activities that stress to society the need for harmonious coexistence with nature and the importance of water resources.

In particular, after each competition in the Canoe Slalom Japan Cup Kyokuyo Series, for which we are a crown sponsor, we invite those involved in the competition as well as the spectators to join us in Clean River Activities along the competition course. We conduct these environmental conservation activities around the country throughout the competition.

In fiscal 2020, although competition and Clean River Activities were held only once due to the spread of COVID-19, 87 people participated.





- Cleaning rivers leading to the sea
- Developing next-generation human resources to implement the SDGs

Special lecture at Kagawa Nutrition University

On November 24, 2020, we gave a special lecture on the fisheries and food industries at Kagawa Nutrition University, introducing the situation in the field with a mix of hands-on practice. Under the theme of Fish: From Ocean to Table, the lecture focused on topics including the history of the fisheries industry, the world's seafood situation, the latest aquaculture technology, and the manufacturing, processing, and development of foods using marine products as their main raw material. Through such special lectures, we provide opportunities for students to deepen their understanding of SDGs initiatives aimed at realizing sustainable fisheries, including the conservation of the marine environment and the appropriate and effective use of fishery resources.



President Inoue (center in the photo at left) delivering an opening address

Commitments presented at the United Nations Food Systems Summit (FSS)

In September 2021, at the United Nations Food Systems Summit in New York, the Kyokuyo Group joined others in presenting examples of its initiatives as a way of introducing Japan's commitment to a sustainable food system based on cooperation between public and private sectors that contributes to the SDGs. For details, please see the relevant website of Japan's Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries.



Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries: Corporate commitments in support of the United Nations Food Systems Summit https://www.maff.go.jp/j/kokusai/kokusei/kanren_sesaku/FAO/commitment.html

Corporate Governance

Basic approach

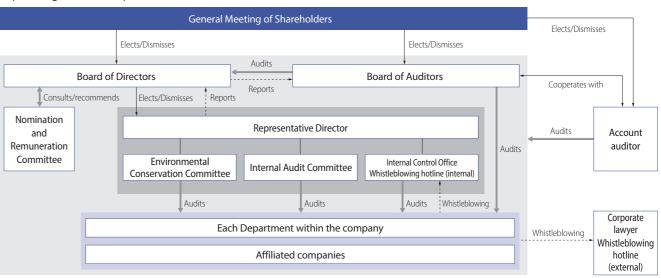
The Kyokuyo Group's basic corporate governance policy is to conduct highly transparent management for shareholders and other stakeholders, and to perform swift and decisive decision-making to achieve sustainable growth and improve our corporate value over the medium to long term. We also comply with our Corporate Philosophy and Group Corporate Action Charter to establish appropriate systems for monitoring and supervision to ensure compliance, and strive to maintain the efficiency and fairness of management.

Corporate governance system

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors convenes regularly, with extraordinary meetings convened as necessary, as the basis of a system for ensuring that the duties of the Kyokuyo Group's board of directors are carried out efficiently. In order to clarify the management responsibilities of directors and establish a management system that can swiftly respond to changes in the business environment, we set a one-year term of office for directors. In addition, four independent external directors, onethird of the total, are appointed to strengthen the supervisory system.

Corporate governance system





External directors

External directors are expected to conduct effective management supervision and to provide frank and constructive advice regarding the Group's management from an independent and objective standpoint, with a practical perspective that draws on abundant experience, knowledge, and expertise.

We select candidates for external directors who can provide supervision as well as frank and constructive advice regarding management at Kyokuyo, based on our unique standards in addition to the requirements for independence as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Increased number of external directors

To enable the Board of Directors to focus more on management decision-making and supervision with the aims of achieving sustainable business growth and improving corporate value over the medium to long term, we drastically revised the board's composition, reducing the number of internal directors by one for a total of eight and increasing the number of external directors by two for a total of four. Furthermore, four of the 12 directors are independent directors as stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange, making at least one-third of the Company's directors independent. With this revision, we will enhance management supervision and expedite decision-making.

Board of Auditors

We are a company with a Board of Auditors. Two of our four auditors are external auditors and work to enhance the supervision of our managers. In accordance with the audit policy and audit plan formulated by the Board of Auditors at

Governance Corporate Governance

the beginning of the fiscal year, each auditor conducts audits that focus on understanding the status and confirming the efficiency of management execution and internal control such as internal checks, compliance, and internal audits.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

Kyokuyo has adopted an optional Nomination and Remuneration Committee as an advisory body for the Board of Directors. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee is made up of three or more members, the majority of which are independent external directors. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee deliberates topics such as the nomination and compensation of directors in response to consultation from the Board of Directors, and provides its recommendations to the Board of Directors.

Evaluating the effectiveness of the Board of Directors

We give an annual questionnaire to all directors and auditors regarding the effectiveness of the Board of Directors as a whole. The results are reported to the Board of Directors, leading to improvements. The questionnaires have been returned with generally positive evaluations of the composition and operation of the Board of Directors, the mechanism of governance, etc.

We are working to further improve the effectiveness of the Board of Directors by securing time for consideration of agenda items, such as by simplifying income and expenditure reports.

Policy of training for directors and auditors

Newly appointed internal directors attend external seminars to acquire necessary knowledge as directors. We also promptly provide explanations of the Group's business to newly appointed external directors and newly appointed external auditors at the time of their appointment.

In addition to regular executive training sessions for directors and auditors, we recommend that directors and auditors participate in external seminars and other training sessions as necessary, with the company paying all expenses.

Executive remuneration

Policy for deciding executive remuneration

Our basic policy on remuneration for directors is to have a balanced remuneration system, the purpose of which is to motivate directors to contribute more to improving performance and increasing corporate value from a mediumto long-term perspective.

Under the above policy, directors' remuneration consists of fixed basic compensation and performance-based stock compensation, both of which are paid within the total amount of remuneration set at the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders. Fixed basic compensation is determined based on each director's responsibilities. For performance-linked stock compensation, points to be awarded to each director for each fiscal year are determined according to the degree of achievement of consolidated sales and consolidated operating profit, with the Company's shares being paid through a trust upon a director's retirement.

Since the remuneration of external directors is independent of business execution, they are only paid fixed basic compensation with no performance-based stock compensation.

Amounts of remuneration for directors and auditors (fiscal 2020)

| | Total amount of remuneration | Total amount l | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Executive classification | (millions of yen) | Basic compensation | Performance-based stock compensation | Non-monetary compensation | Number of eligible executives |
| Directors (excluding external directors) | 211 | 190 | 21 | — | 13 |
| Auditors (excluding external auditors) | 12 | 12 | _ | _ | 3 |
| External executives | 59 | 59 | _ | _ | 5 |

(Notes) 1. The amount of basic compensation for each director and auditor is within the compensation framework established at the General Meeting of Shareholders.

2. Performance-based stock compensation was established at the 94th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

3. Directors' pay does not include the employee salary portion for directors who are concurrently employees.

Internal controls

We have established a basic policy on internal control systems and have put in place related rules to develop and operate an internal control system. With the Internal Controls over Financial Reporting, as stipulated by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act, we evaluate the status of the development and operation of our internal control system. We reported that the Group's internal control system was effective in fiscal 2020, as in the past.

Cross-shareholdings

Recognizing the risk of price fluctuations associated with holding shares, we hold shares other than those for investment purposes, taking fully into account the rationality of the holding purpose, such as maintaining and stabilizing business relationships and fostering mutual trust.

The Board of Directors carefully examines the purpose of holding, transaction status, dividends, capital costs, and other matters related to cross-shareholdings individually each year to determine whether they are to be held or reduced.

In principle, when exercising voting rights, we respect the judgment of the Board of Directors of the share issuer and vote in the affirmative. However, if we think that a proposal would adversely affect relationships and transactions with the Kyokuyo Group, or if we believe it will harm the common interests of our shareholders, we consider the matter carefully before deciding whether or not to approve it.

Dialogue with shareholders and investors

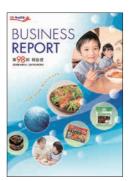
IR policy

We believe that maintaining transparent and fair management is fundamental to corporate governance with the aim of achieving sustainable growth of the company and increasing corporate value over the medium to long term. To this end, we recognize that it is important to actively engage in dialogue with shareholders and reflect their opinions and requests in our management.

Based on this recognition, we disclose accurate corporate information required by shareholders and investors fairly and promptly in clear language. We strive for timely and proactive information disclosure in addition to disclosing information in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act and the Securities Listing Regulations stipulated by the Tokyo Stock Exchange.

Promoting shareholders' and investors' understanding of Kyokuyo

In order to provide shareholders with a deeper understanding of the current state of Kyokuyo, we send a Business Report to people who are shareholders as of the end of March every year. In addition, at our twiceyearly IR briefings for analysts and institutional investors, the president himself explains our financial results and future measures, and successively conducts dialogues (interviews) at the request of analysts and institutional investors.



Business Report

Governance

Board of Directors and Auditors

> Directors Old Independent director



| Ken Sakai Vice President | Attendance at Board of Directors meetings Attendance rate 100% Meetings attended 16/16 |
|--|--|
| Shuichi Kiyama Managing Director | Attendance at Board of Directors meetings Attendance rate 100% Meetings attended 16/16 |
| Tadayuki Nishimura Director | Attendance at Board of Directors meetings Attendance rate 100% Meetings attended 16/16 |
| Hitoshi Higaki Director | Attendance at Board of Directors meetings Attendance rate 100% Meetings attended 13/13 |
| Mika Shirao External Director (part-time) | Attendance at Board of Directors meetings Attendance rate 100% Meetings attended 13/13 |
| Eiji Yamada External Director (part-time) ④ | Attendance at Board of Directors meetings Attendance rate Newly appointed Meetings attended Newly |

*Attendance at Board of Directors meetings is for fiscal 2020.

> Supervisory Board Members

| | Attendance at Board of Directors meetings | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Masaji Tamura | Attendance rate 100% Meetings attended 16/16 | | | | | |
| External Auditor (full-time) | Attendance at Board of Auditors meetings | | | | | |
| | Attendance rate 100% Meetings attended 14/14 | | | | | |
| | Attendance at Board of Directors meetings | | | | | |
| Kazuhiko Shimura | Attendance rate 100% Meetings attended 16/16 | | | | | |
| Auditor (part-time) | Attendance at Board of Auditors meetings | | | | | |
| | Attendance rate 100% Meetings attended 14/14 | | | | | |

100% 16/16 ttendance rate Meetings attended Yoichi Kanno Attendance at Board of Auditors meetings External Auditor (full-time) 100% Attendance at Board of Directors meetings endance rat leetings attended Masayuki Nishihama Auditor (part-time) Attendance at Board of Auditors meetings

*Attendance at Board of Directors and Board of Auditors meetings is for fiscal 2020.

Attendance at Board of Directors meetings

14/14

Executive expertise and experience (skill matrix)

Our Board of Directors consists of members with the following skills.

| Name | General management | Industry insight | п | Legal and compliance | Finance and accounting | Government and academic research | Internationality |
|--------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|
| Makoto Inoue | • | • | | | | | |
| Ken Sakai | • | • | | | | | |
| Shigeru Kondo | ٠ | • | | | | | ٠ |
| Shuichi Kiyama | • | | • | • | • | | |
| Yutaka Tanaka | | • | | | | | |
| Tadayuki Nishimura | | | • | • | | | |
| Keizo Yamaguchi | | • | | | | | ٠ |
| Hitoshi Higaki | | | • | | • | | |
| Masayo Miura | | | | | | • | |
| Mika Shirao | | | | | | • | |
| Katsuhiro Machida | • | • | | | | • | |
| Eiji Yamada | ٠ | | • | | | | |

The above list shows areas where members have more specialized knowledge based on each individual's experience, etc., and does not represent their complete knowledge.

Risk Management

Basic approach

Kyokuyo has established basic risk management rules for the Kyokuyo Group and maintains a risk management system in order to conceive all risks that could affect the business activities of the entire Group, prevent their occurrence, and to minimize any risks incurred should the anticipated risks occur.

Each department and group company manages on a daily basis the risks faced in their own work, and Kyokuyo's head office departments, as supervisory departments, cooperate with the foregoing departments and group companies to manage risks throughout the Group. Furthermore, as the department in charge of overall risk management, the Division of Internal Control of Kyokuyo Co., Ltd. shares risk information with the supervisory departments to manage risks throughout the entire Kyokuyo Group.

In the event of an emergency, we will organize and respond with level-specific organizations such as a response headquarters, countermeasure projects, and response teams.

Risk management system

We recognize the major risks that could have a material impact on the financial condition, business results, etc. of Kyokuyo and the Kyokuyo Group, and we share the status of risks and countermeasures with the Board of Directors. Our

Key risks and countermeasures

| Risk | |
|---|--|
| Food safety issues | Establishment and maintenance o Product-liability insurance and oth |
| Rapid changes in the sales environment | Spreading out of business partners catering, wholesalers and trading of |
| Risks related to overseas business | Diversification of procurement areHolding of appropriate inventory i |
| Fluctuations in raw material prices | Forecasting raw material market co Long-term inventory reduction Enhancing sales of value-added procession |
| Risks in the aquaculture business | Making use of Fishery Mutual Aid I Thorough facility management |
| Exchange rate fluctuations | Risk hedging through yen-denom |
| Crude oil prices fluctuations | Efficient business operations |
| Countermeasures against natural disasters | Fire insurance, domestic compreheEstablishment of a business contir |
| Risks related to information systems | Use of antivirus software 24/7 monitoring of the network ar Multiple backups |



Response to COVID-19

In light of the spread of COVID-19, we have established a response headquarters to formulate and notify all officers and employees of action guidelines against the disease. Based on these action guidelines, we are giving top priority to measures to prevent infection and the spread of the disease, such as staggered work hours and the implementation of telecommuting, and we have started providing a COVID-19 vaccination program at work for applicants, with a view to respecting the lives of employees and their families.

We will continue to closely monitor the situation related to COVID-19 and make every effort to prevent the spread of the disease while fulfilling our supply responsibilities as a food manufacturer.

Internal Audit Team conducts audits of the risk management systems of Kyokuyo and its group companies, and reports the results to the Internal Audit Committee.

Countermeasures

of a quality assurance system by the Quality Assurance Department her forms of insurance

rs across various sales channels (mass retailers, restaurants and industrial companies, etc.)

eas

in according with procurement risk

conditions based on supply and demand assumptions

products

Insurance

ninated settlements, exchange contracts, etc.

nensive general cargo insurance, and other forms of insurance inuity plan (BCP)

and regular security diagnostics

Governance Compliance

Basic approach

Kyokuyo and the Kyokuyo Group adopt compliance (compliance with laws and regulations, the Corporate Philosophy, Action Guidelines, Corporate Action Charter, internal rules, and corporate ethics) as a basic policy of management in accordance with our Corporate Philosophy, Action Guidelines, and Corporate Action Charter.

Compliance system

As the basis of our compliance system, we have established the Kyokuyo Group Corporate Action Charter and basic compliance rules, based on our Corporate Philosophy, and strive to ensure that the Group's officers and employees are thoroughly aware of the same. In addition, we have established a Division of Internal Control under a compliance officer as an organization that specifically promotes the establishment, maintenance, and improvement of the compliance system, which we have established as a cross-sectional compliance system for the entire Group.

Whistleblowing system

We have established a Group whistleblowing system to report legal violations and other compliance-related matters. The system protects whistleblowers, with the head of the internal compliance department and an external attorney's office as the direct information recipients. The system is operated in accordance with rules for protecting whistleblowers.

Compliance education

In addition to dispatching a notification within the company every April about thorough compliance, at the group's general meeting the president calls attention to compliance, and we also conduct internal training as appropriate, to strive for instilling awareness of compliance.

Thorough compliance with the **Act against Delay in Payment** of Subcontract Proceeds, Etc. to Subcontractors (Subcontract Act)

The Ministry of Economy, Trade and Industry and the Japan Fair Trade Commission have requested that "fairness be made in subcontract transactions." Based on the recognition that making transaction conditions between business operators fair and reasonable is the basis of supply chain management, the Kyokuyo Group provides a company subsidy for attendance at seminars on the Subcontracting Act to ensure employees retain a better understanding of the law.

In fiscal 2020, a total of 29 employees attended external seminars using this system. By observing this law, we are building sound and stable relationships with our partner companies and strengthening our own compliance.

We are also learning that requests such as extremely short delivery times lead to long working hours at business partners, and that this is not only in violation of the Subcontracting Act but also problematic in terms of the workstyle reforms promoted by the Japanese government.

Financial Data Highlights

Consolidated basis

| | Unit | FY2016 | FY2017 | FY2018 | FY2019 | FY2020 |
|--|---------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Net sales | (Million yen) | 236,561 | 254,783 | 256,151 | 262,519 | 249,197 |
| Operating profit | (Million yen) | 3,723 | 4,066 | 3,831 | 2,918 | 4,657 |
| Operating income margin | (%) | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.9 |
| Ordinary profit | (Million yen) | 3,709 | 4,437 | 4,434 | 3,608 | 4,879 |
| Ordinary income margin | (%) | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.4 | 2.0 |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | (Million yen) | 2,422 | 3,211 | 2,914 | 2,037 | 3,838 |
| Total assets | (Million yen) | 97,386 | 106,297 | 114,673 | 111,184 | 116,331 |
| Net assets | (Million yen) | 25,391 | 29,243 | 31,996 | 32,593 | 39,975 |
| Net assets per share | (Yen) | 2,378.09 | 2,679.00 | 2,941.26 | 3,046.26 | 3,753.90 |
| Net profit per share | (Yen) | 230.66 | 304.29 | 269.63 | 188.53 | 356.95 |
| Equity ratio | (%) | 25.6 | 27.2 | 27.7 | 29.4 | 34.7 |
| Return on equity (ROE) | (%) | 10.2 | 11.9 | 9.6 | 6.3 | 10.5 |
| Return on assets (ROA) | (%) | 3.9 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 4.3 |
| Interest-bearing debt | (Million yen) | 51,441 | 51,476 | 58,023 | 55,173 | 51,174 |
| D/E ratio | (Ratio) | 2.0 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.4 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | (Million yen) | 601 | 3,201 | (4,118) | 9,410 | 5,997 |
| Cash flows from investment activities | (Million yen) | (1,998) | (1,179) | (2,494) | (2,931) | (527) |
| Cash flows from financial activities | (Million yen) | 105 | 255 | 5,958 | (4,817) | (4,627) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | (Million yen) | 2,572 | 4,977 | 4,621 | 6,313 | 7,097 |
| R&D expenses | (Million yen) | 280 | 290 | 304 | 343 | 336 |
| Capital investment | (Million yen) | 2,566 | 1,543 | 2,201 | 3,160 | 2,456 |
| Dividend payout ratio | (%) | 26.0 | 19.7 | 26.0 | 37.1 | 22.4 |
| Total shareholder return | (%) | 116 | 152 | 117 | 109 | 132 |

Corporate profile

| Company name | Kyokuyo Co., Ltd. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Headquarters address | 3-3-5, Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo, 107-0052, Japan |
| Established | September 3, 1937 |
| Stated capital | ¥5,664 million |
| Major businesses | Export, import, domestic purchasing, and sales of marine products, and manufacture and sales of processed and frozen foods |
| Employees | 2,313 (consolidated) / 682 (nonconsolidated) |
| Number of consolidated companies | 25 |

Stock information Distribution of shares by shareholder type

| Total number of shares authorized | 43,700,000 | | No. of shares held (thousands) | Equity position (%) |
|-----------------------------------|------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | Financial institutions | 3,179 | 29.1 |
| Total number of shares issued | 10,928,283 | Securities companies | 254 | 2.3 |
| | | Other companies | 1,155 | 10.6 |
| | | Foreign companies and individuals | 829 | 7.6 |
| Number of shareholders | 30,036 | Individuals and others | 5,390 | 49.3 |
| | | No. of shares of treasury stock | 119 | 1.1 |

Major shareholders

| Shareholder's name | No. of shares held (thousands) | Percentage of total number of shares issued (%) |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust account) | 925 | 8.56 |
| Resona Bank, Limited | 523 | 4.84 |
| The Norinchukin Bank | 445 | 4.11 |
| The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust account) | 373 | 3.45 |
| Toyo Seikan Group Holdings, Ltd. | 315 | 2.91 |
| Mitsui Sumitomo Insurance Co., Ltd. | 250 | 2.31 |
| Tokio Marine & Nichido Fire Insurance Co., Ltd. | 224 | 2.07 |
| Kyokuyo Akitsukai | 174 | 1.61 |
| Chuo Gyorui Co., Ltd. | 139 | 1.29 |
| Kyokuyo Satsukikai | 131 | 1.21 |

List of Group companies

Kyokuyo Akitsu Reizo Co., Ltd.

2-6-1 Jonanjima, Ota-ku, Tokyo 143-0002, Japan Tel: +81 (3) 3799-1701 Business: Cold storage business

Kyokuyo Shoji Co., Ltd.

Sumitomo Seimei Akasaka Bldg., 3-3-3 Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo 107-0052, Japan Tel: +81 (3) 6234-4400 Business: Purchasing and sales of fisheries, agricultural and meat products

Kyokuyo Shokuhin Co., Ltd.

3-20-1 Shinhama-cho Shiogama, Miyagi 985-0001, Japan Tel: +81 (22) 364-6111 Business: Manufacturing of frozen and chilled food products

Kyokuyo Suisan Co., Ltd.

1441-1 Habuchi, Yaizu, Shizuoka 421-0213, Japan Tel: +81 (54) 622-5111 Business: Overseas purse seine fishing business, processing tuna and bonito, cold storage business

Kyokuyo Sougou Service Co., Ltd.

Sumitomo Seimei Akasaka Bldg., 3-3-3 Akasaka, Minato-ku, Tokyo 107-0052, Japan

Tel: +81 (3) 5545-0770

Business: Insurance agent business, facilitating sales of various products

Kyokuyo Feed One Marine Co., Ltd.

392-2 Hisayoshi, Ainan-cho, Minamiuwa-gun, Ehime 798-4353, Japan Tel: +81 (895) 73-7180

Business: Aquaculture of tuna and other marine products, processing and sales, etc.

Kyokuyo Foods Co., Ltd.

830 Nobenono, Matsuno-cho, Kitauwa-gun, Ehime 798-2102, Japan Tel: +81 (895) 42-1600

Business: Manufacturing frozen and chilled products (imitation crab meat, etc.)

Kyokuyo Fresh Co., Ltd.

3-3-2 Rinkai-cho, Edogawa-ku, Tokyo 134-0086, Japan

Tel: +81 (3) 3878-4611

Business: Processing of tuna and other marine products and sales, etc.

Kyokuyo Marine Ehime Co., Ltd.

392-2 Hisayoshi, Ainan-cho, Minamiuwa-gun, Ehime 798-4353, Japan Tel: +81 (895) 72-6661

Business: Aquaculture of tuna and other marine products, processing and sales, etc.

Kyokuyo Marine Farm Co., Ltd.

2198-4 Obukaura, Sukumo, Kochi 788-0034, Japan

Tel: +81 (880) 65-5617

Business: Aquaculture of tuna and other marine products, processing and sales, etc.

Ibusuki Shokuhin Co., Ltd.

1-42 Shinei-cho, Yamagawa, Ibusuki City, Kagoshima 891-0501, Japan Tel: +81 (993) 35-2335

Business: Processing of skipjack and other marine products, and agricultural and livestock products, and sales.

Business Strategy

Integrate System Service Co., Ltd. Nihon Building Bldg. No. 2, 1-2-5 Nihombashi-Kayabacho, Chuo-ku, Tokyo 103-0025, Japan Tel: +81 (3) 5652-8600 Business: Total services for computer systems Apex Kyokuyo Co., Ltd. 3246 Nakashima, Shikama-ku, Himeji, Hyogo 672-8035, Japan Tel: +81 (79) 234-2670 Business: Processing and sales of assorted grilled fish products ■ Kaiyo Foods Co., Ltd. 2831-15 Sunayama, Kamisu, Ibaraki 314-0255, Japan Tel: +81 (479) 46-3851 Business: Processing and sales of salt-cured salmon, sashimi, and fish flakes, etc. Kuroshio Suisan Co., Ltd. 373 Tomariura, Otsuki-cho, Hata-gun, Kochi 788-0353, Japan Tel: +81 (880) 73-1105 Business: Aquaculture of marine products and sales Jokki Co., Ltd. 3-28-5 Kamishakujii, Nerima-ku, Tokyo 177-0044, Japan Tel: +81 (3) 3920-6885 Business: Processing and sales of marine products Kyokuyo America Corporation 1200 Fifth Avenue, Suite 1575, Seattle, WA, 98101-3131, U.S.A. TEL: +1 (206) 405-2670 Business: Purchase and sales of marine products ■ K&U Enterprise Co., Ltd. 1289 Vichienchodoke road, Maha Chai, Mueang Samut Sakhon, Samut Sakhon, 74000, Thailand TEL: +66(3)482-0922 Business: Manufacture and sales of frozen food products OINGDAO KYOKUYO INTERNATIONAL CO., LTD. Room No. 1013, Crowne Plaza Qingdao No.76, Xiang Gang Zhong Road, Qingdao, 266071 China TEL: +86 (532) 8578-1350 Business: Purchase and sales in mainland China and overseas Kyokuyo Europe B.V. Tower-B, 7th Floor, WTC Schiphol Airport Schiphol Boulevard, 193 1118 BG Schiphol, Netherlands TEL: +31 (20) 405-9060 Business: Purchase and sales of frozen food products Kyokuyo (Thailand) Co., Ltd. 92/53 Sathorn Thani Tower 2, 18th Floor, Room No. 1816, Sathorn Nua Road, Khwaeng Silom, Khet Bangrak, Bangkok Metropolis, 10500, Thailand TEL: +66(2)238-4604 Business: Import/export, domestic sales and guality control and processing of all products KYOKUYO GLOBAL SEAFOODS Co., Ltd. 55/237 Moo. 6 Thasai, Mueang Samut Sakhon, Samut Sakhon, 74000, Thailand TEL: +66(3)444-0828 Business: Manufacturing sushi toppings, simmered fish and grilled fish products, etc.